



Committee Meeting Agenda: Priority Setting & Resource Allocation

Date/Time: Wednesday, June 12, 12:30 p.m. Location: BRHPC

Part A Co-Chair: Carla Taylor Bennett Part B Co-Chair: Lisa Agate

1. Call To Order: Welcome, Ground Rules, Sunshine, Introductions, Moment of Silence, & Public Comment

2. Approvals: 6/12/13 Agenda and 4/17/13 Meeting Minutes

3. Standard Committee Items: None

4. Unfinished Business

- a. Update on ad Hoc PCIP Subcommittee (Information Item): Update on the restructuring of the Committee

5. Meeting Activities/New Business

Work Plan Objective #: 1.4, 1.5, 1.7	Today's Meeting Goals
1. Review Updated Scorecard Format	1. Review updated scorecard format and make recommendations
2. Review PSRA recommendations	2. Review PSRA recommendations formulated by the Joint Planning and Joint Client/Community Relations Committees
3. Review Client Survey results	3. Review the client survey results to see how the community ranked service categories and assess the identified barriers in order to determine allocations.

6. Grantee Reports

7. Public Comment (Please sign up on the Public Comment Sheet)

8. Agenda Items/Tasks For Next Meeting (June 19, 2013 at 12:30 p.m. **Venue:** BRHPC)

Agenda Items/Work Plan Item #	Responsible	Information requested/Action To Be Taken
1. Review scope of services and eligibility for each service category (Work Plan Item 1.6)	JPC, Staff	1. Review the eligibility for each service category and make revisions, if necessary.
2. Rank Part A & MAI Priorities (Work Plan Item 1.8)	JPC	2. Rank the service categories in priority order based on data reviewed.

9. Announcements

10. Adjournment

VISION: To ensure the delivery of high quality comprehensive HIV/AIDS services to low income and uninsured Broward County residents living with HIV, by providing a targeted, coordinated, cost-effective, sustainable, and client-centered system of care.

MISSION: We direct and coordinate an effective response to the HIV epidemic in Broward County to ensure high quality, comprehensive care that positively impacts the health of individuals at all stages of illness. In so doing, we: Foster the substantive involvement of the HIV affected communities in assuring consumer satisfaction, identifying priority needs, and planning a responsive system of care. Support local control of planning and service delivery, and build partnerships among service providers, community organizations, and federal, state, and municipal governments. Monitor and report progress within the HIV continuum of care to ensure fiscal responsibility and increase community support and commitment



MEETING MINUTES

COMMITTEE: Joint Priorities Committee

Date/Time: Tuesday, April 17, 2013, 12:30 p.m.

Location: BRHPC

Carla Taylor-Bennett **Part A Co-Chair**

Lisa Agate **Part B Co-Chair**

ATTENDANCE					
#	Members		Present	Absent	Guests
1	Taylor-Bennett, C.	Part A Co-Chair	X		Carhart, D.
2	Agate, L.	Part B Co-Chair		X	Ettinger, R.
3	Gammell, B.		X		Majcher, B.
4	Grant, C.		X		
5	Hayes, M.		X		Grantee Staff
6	Katz, H. B.		X		Jones, L. (Part A)
7	Reed, Y.		X		Majcher, B. (Part B)
8	Schickowski, K.		X		Copa, R. (Part A)
9	Siclari, R			X	
10	Wynn, J		X		HIVPC Support Staff
11	Green, D.		X		Eshel, A.
12	Proulx, D.		X		Crawford, T.
13	DeSantis, M.			X	LaMendola, B
					Solomon, R.
					Rosiere, M.
Quorum = 8			10	3	

1. CALL TO ORDER:

The Part A Co-Chair called the meeting to order at 12:40 p.m.

The Part A Co-Chair welcomed all present. Attendees were notified of information regarding the Government in the Sunshine Law and meeting reporting requirements, which includes the recording of minutes. Attendees were advised that the meeting ground rules are present, for reference. In addition, attendees were advised that the acknowledgement of HIV status is not required but is subject to public record if it is disclosed.

Chairs, committee members, guests, grantee staff and support staff self-introductions were made. A moment of silence was observed.

2. APPROVALS:

Motion #1	To approve today's meeting agenda
Proposed by:	Wynn, J.
Seconded by:	Katz, H.B.
Action:	Passed Unanimously
Motion #2	To approve meeting minutes of 3/20/13
Proposed by:	Katz, H.B.
Seconded by:	Wynn, J.
Action:	Passed Unanimously



3. STANDARD COMMITTEE ITEMS

None

4. UNFINISHED BUSINESS

a) Update on ad Hoc PCIP Subcommittee

The Committee requested information from Part B for co-pay assistance; information from the state for AICP information for Broward; information from Grantee on unmet need, particularly the number of undocumented clients in Part A. Members requested a letter be sent to Sherry Riley at the Florida Department of Health asking for the State's intent for ADAP and AICP in light of the ACA. The information is requested in preparation for the upcoming FY14-15 PSRA process. Committee discussed membership and suggested that more members get involved; recommendation from Joint Priorities requested.

5. MEETING ACTIVITIES / NEW BUSINESS

<i>Goal/Work Plan Objective #:</i>	<i>Accomplishments</i>
Needs Assessment Step 1: 1. Ensure ACA Alignment 2. Review Severe Need Data	1. Michele Rosiere, HIV Division Director, gave a presentation titled <i>Planning for the Potential Impact of the Affordable Care Act on the Ryan White Program</i> in order to assist the Committee in planning for the impact of the Affordable Care Act (ACA) on the Ryan White Program. Ms. Rosiere noted that the Ryan White Program will likely continue without reauthorization as long as it receives appropriations. The Patient Protection and ACA directs states to extend Medicaid eligibility to all individuals < 133% FPL and it offers a 100% federal matching rate for newly eligible individuals (those not otherwise Medicaid eligible before the new law). It was noted that Medicaid expansion was still being debated in Florida. However, many Ryan White services are not available under Florida's current Medicaid plan and there are limitations on such needed services as pharmacy. The members discussed the potential future of the Ryan White program, which may include gaps in coverage for both Medicaid and private insurance. These service gaps may include: transportation, non-medical case management, food, nutrition, and copays. The presentation stated that many PLWHA are expected to become eligible for Medicaid, a BHP, or subsidies next year. Approximately 23% of Florida's RW clients in 2010 were between 101-200% FPL, making them potentially eligible for either Medicaid or a BHP in 2014. An estimated 51% of ADAP clients would be eligible for Medicaid following an expansion. Approximately 28% are estimated to be eligible for private insurance subsidies. The Committee members discussed which clients would likely be eligible under Medicaid expansion as well as those who would not, such as undocumented individuals. Ms. Rosiere mentioned that undocumented immigrants and "lawfully present" immigrants within 5 years of residency are barred from receipt of federal benefits. Other challenges such as the cost for copays were noted by various members. According to the presentation, health insurance exchanges will provide a new source of coverage for PLWHA. However, some cost-sharing may be required and needed services may not be covered. Members noted that transition time should be accounted for and many changes will likely happen gradually. CMS is now funding navigators to educate clients on their eligibility for Medicaid. A member questioned whether



enrollment information by county was available. It was noted that the Ryan White Program may have a significant role supplementing insurance exchanges by providing assistance with premiums and copays. It was mentioned that it is important to consider that HICP was once funded through Part A. Members also discussed what the policy would be if someone was not in the correct payer source post healthcare reform. Committee members discussed what data analysis could be achieved in preparation for the PSRA process in two months. Members were asked to consider the data they currently have and discuss any changes that should be made to the Policies and Procedures. Members asked for data on clients who have Medicaid, but no dental service.

After further discussion, the following motion was made:

Motion #3	a) Budget for Status Quo b) Identify “transition services” and dollar amount c) Create a “process” policy in the event of reductions we will have a priority of which services get reduced first and by how much d) Exempt Dental and other non-covered services
Proposed by:	Wynn, J.
Seconded by:	Katz, H. B.
Action:	Passed

The members mentioned that the three things they must account for are 1) copays 2) deductibles and 3) premiums. There may also be a need for more supportive services that are not currently funded in order to continue to fill gaps and provide quality care. A member questioned how we would account for RSR data for individuals not inputting information into the system as well as how to ensure reimbursement. Members suggested that they would need planned data such as copays and premiums to help with the process. It was mentioned that PCIP already requested to look at this information. PCIP’s data requests include: Data on the Broward AICP for 2012-2013 (including cost, utilization, demographics); Data on the Part B Medication Co-Pay Program for 2011-2012 and 2012-2013 (including cost, utilization, demographics); and Estimated number of undocumented clients served by Part A. Members also mentioned PCIP’s initial request for a letter to Sherry Riley. As a result, the following motions were made:

Motion #4	To draft a letter to Sherry Riley asking about the intent of the State in terms of ADAP and AICP as relates to the ACA for the upcoming year.
Proposed by:	Wynn, J.
Seconded by:	Green, D.
Action:	Passed

Motion #5	To forward a motion to the HIVPC to move Motion #4 forward
Proposed by:	Wynn, J.
Seconded by:	Proulx, D.
Action:	Passed, 2 oppositions

The members requested to look at following: Massachusetts’

Joint Priorities – Minutes – 4/17/13

VISION: To ensure the delivery of high quality comprehensive HIV/AIDS services to low income and uninsured Broward County residents living with HIV, by providing a targeted, coordinated, cost-effective, sustainable, and client-centered system of care

MISSION: We direct and coordinate an effective response to the HIV epidemic in Broward County to ensure high quality, comprehensive care that positively impacts the health of individuals at all stages of illness. In so doing, we: Foster the substantive involvement of the HIV affected communities in assuring consumer satisfaction, identifying priority needs, and planning a responsive system of care

Support local control of planning and service delivery, and build partnerships among service providers, community organizations, and federal, state, and municipal governments
Monitor and report progress within the HIV continuum of care to ensure fiscal responsibility and increase community support and commitment



	process/model; copy of the service delivery models of each service category from the Boston EMA; current specialty plans of PSN, PHCP, and Clear Health Alliance.
	2. The severe need data was available for members to review. This included: epidemiology, comorbidities, unmet need, and EIIHA data.

6. GRANTEE REPORTS

a) Part A

During a call with the project officer, it was confirmed that Broward EMA to receive a 5% reduction for the overall Part A program and the final grant award is anticipated for the end of May. It was mentioned that the US DHHS received a 5.8% decrease due to sequestration.

b) Part B

The written Part B Grantee report was provided detailing expenditures up to February 28, 2013. Non-Medical Case Management conducted 863 eligibility interviews in February. Medication co-payment served 282 clients of which 16 were new to the program. There were 274 clients served in February for Medication Co-Payment and 8 clients served for Mail Orders. Cost avoidance for Medication Co-Payment program for December is \$45,493.64. Total cost savings April – February 2013 is approximately \$200,000. Home Delivered Meals served 3 clients. Medical Transportation for February 2013: A total of 288 (10 ride) and 389 (31 day) passes distributed.

Part B presented preliminary demographics of Part B clients; number of bus passes and unduplicated services for the year still pending. The members were provided a copy of services provided under Part B. It was noted that the 3-5 day wait for ADAP is removed. Software update expected to allow clients to complete ADAP process at initial appointment. Additionally, it was mentioned that surveys are still being distributed.

c) PUBLIC COMMENT

None

d) AGENDA ITEMS / TASKS FOR NEXT MEETING: Date: May 15, 2013 Venue: BRHPC

<i>Agenda Items/Tasks for next Meeting (Work Plan Item/Goal#)</i>	<i>Responsible Party</i>	<i>Information requested (i.e. data, research, etc.) action to be taken, presentation, discussion, brainstorm etc.</i>
Review updated Scorecards (WP Item 1.4)	Staff	Scorecards to be presented, to include data on expenses, utilization, etc.
Review recommendations from Joint Planning and JCCR Committees	JPC, Staff	JPC and JCCR recommendations on service categories, allocations, data.

e) ANNOUNCEMENTS

f) ADJOURNMENT

Without objection the meeting was adjourned at 3:07 p.m.



JOINT PRIORITIES COMMITTEE - ATTENDANCE CY 2013

#	Members	Jan	Feb	Mar	April
1	Taylor-Bennett, C	P		P	P
2	Agate, L.	P		P	A
3	DeSantis, M.	<i>Appointed 3/28/13</i>			A
4	Gammell, B.	A		P	P
5	Grant, C.	P		P	P
6	Hayes, M.	P		P	P
7	Katz, H. B.	P		P	P
8	Reed, Y.	P		P	P
9	Schickowski, K.	P		P	P
10	Siclari, R	P		A	A
11	Green, D.	P		P	P
12	Wynn, J	P		P	P
13	Proulx, D.			P	P
Quorum = 8		10		12	10

Joint Priorities – Minutes – 4/17/13

VISION: To ensure the delivery of high quality comprehensive HIV/AIDS services to low income and uninsured Broward County residents living with HIV, by providing a targeted, coordinated, cost-effective, sustainable, and client-centered system of care

MISSION: We direct and coordinate an effective response to the HIV epidemic in Broward County to ensure high quality, comprehensive care that positively impacts the health of individuals at all stages of illness. In so doing, we: Foster the substantive involvement of the HIV affected communities in assuring consumer satisfaction, identifying priority needs, and planning a responsive system of care

Support local control of planning and service delivery, and build partnerships among service providers, community organizations, and federal, state, and municipal governments
Monitor and report progress within the HIV continuum of care to ensure fiscal responsibility and increase community support and commitment

FY 2014/2015 Language To Best Meet The Need

All Part A Core and Support Services

- Ensure eligible individuals learn about and enroll in new coverage opportunities created by ACA
- Ensure SDM meets NHAS recommendations and requirements
- Ensure all providers have HIV specific Clinical QM Plans & cultural competency plans based on CLAS standards
- Ensure staff provide services in a culturally and linguistically appropriate manner that reflect clients' racial/ethnic, cultural and linguistic needs
- Ensure SDM responds to treatment needs of clients' race/ethnicity, gender, gender identification, sexual orientation and linguistic needs
- Ensure high client satisfaction with services
- Identify/implement strategies to address disparities in access and outcomes

Outpatient Ambulatory Health Services (<=400% FPL)

- Enhance the emphasis on adherence and retention in medical care inclusive of sub-populations not achieving viral load suppression
- Continue to ensure access to nutritional counseling/therapy services
- Conduct basic Mental Health /Substance Abuse (MH/SA) assessments within the SDM
 - Consider role of culture/stigma related to accessing MH/SA
 - Refer to appropriate services/follow-up and client reassessment. Respect refusal of services and if appropriate suggest alternatives (e.g., church, spiritual healing)
- Ensure services are available to PLWHAs in all Broward geographic areas through selection of providers located in areas where prevalence is highest
- Funds should be allocated to sub-grantees demonstrating effective linkages and collaboration with outreach to ensure adherence and retention

AIDS Pharmaceuticals (Local) (<=400% FPL)

Service Delivery Models (SDM)

- Ensure only locally available ADAP approved ARVs are added to formulary
- Ensure payer of last resort through application/enrollment in ADAP, AICP, med co-pay, PAPs, Medicaid, Medicare and private health insurance/exchange

Oral Health Care (<=300% FPL)

- Maintain specialty oral health care service definition "provide care beyond extractions and restoration to include full or partial dentures and surgical procedures."

Medical Case Management (<=300% FPL)

- Ensure the service delivery model contains a peer component
- Enhance emphasis on adherence and retention in medical care inclusive of sub-populations not achieving viral load suppression
- Provide information about importance of medication adherence
- Assess barriers and implement strategies to address adherence including referrals for further counseling
- Provide health education and reinforce strategies for risk behavior reduction
- Conduct MH/SA assessments within the SDM
 - Consider role of culture/stigma related to accessing MH/SA
 - Refer to appropriate services/follow-up and client reassessment. Respect refusal of services and if appropriate suggest alternatives (e.g., church, spiritual healing)
- Review feasibility OHC Patient Navigators

MAI Medical Case Management (<=300% FPL)

- Ensure that services are incorporating a strength-based approach that is conducted by peers
- Ensure short-term services and that clients are integrated into Part A MCM
- Enhance the emphasis on adherence and retention in medical care inclusive of sub-populations not achieving viral load suppression
- Provide information about importance of medication adherence
- Assess barriers and implement strategies to address adherence including referrals for further counseling
- Conduct MH/SA assessments within the SDM
 - Consider role of culture/stigma related to accessing MH/SA
 - Refer to appropriate services/follow-up and client reassessment. Respect refusal of services and if appropriate suggest alternatives (e.g., church, spiritual healing)
- Provide health education and reinforce strategies for risk behavior reduction

Mental Health Services (<=300% FPL)

- Ensure services to stabilize mental health and facilitate treatment adherence
- Ensure services are provided in a manner that addresses the dual diagnosis/co-occurrence of HIV and mental health issues and substance use

Substance Abuse Services (<=300% FPL)

- Ensure services are provided in a manner that addresses the dual diagnosis/co-occurrence of HIV and substance abuse issues as well as any mental health issues

Centralized Intake and Eligibility Determination (HIV+, Broward Resident)

- Support outreach, benefits counseling and enrollment activities of into private health insurance plans through the Health Exchange and into Medicaid and other 3rd party funded programs
- Ensure rapid linkage of newly diagnosed and individuals out of care
- Ensure coordination with key points of entry including Prevention, CTS, other RW Parts, hospitals, correctional facilities and substance abuse programs

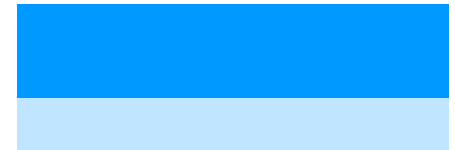
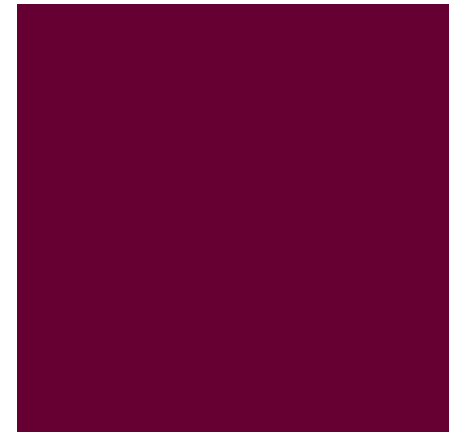
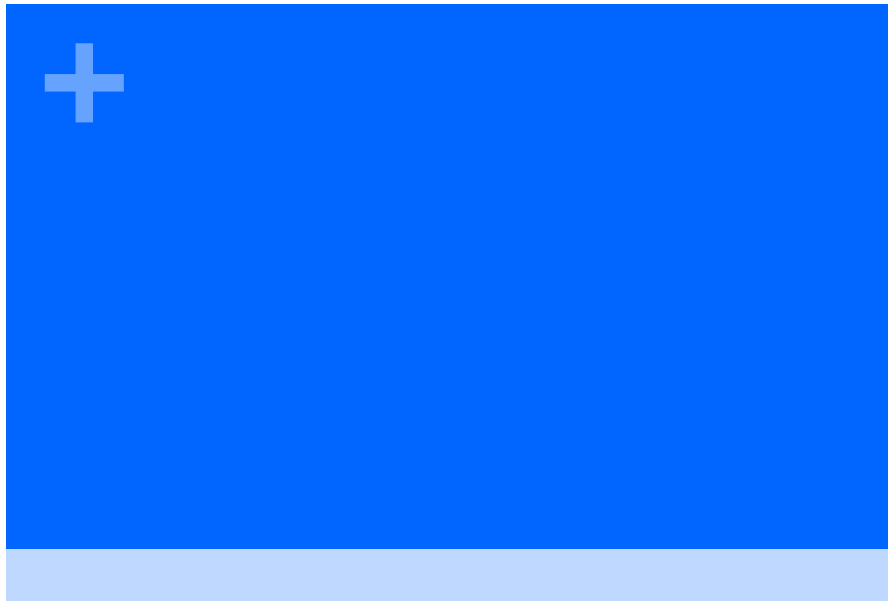
Outreach Services (HIV+, at- risk populations not in medical care or who have fallen out of care)

- Outreach program is specifically designed to identify people with HIV and make them aware of available HIV medical and support services
- Ensure providers have active, focused MOUs, with key points of entry
- Ensure linkage of newly diagnosed and those out of care
- Ensure linkages to ambulatory medical and other service systems
- Target outreach activities to key points of entry, including hospitals/private providers and ambulatory care settings, targeting new clients and clients lost to care
- Support outreach, benefits counseling and enrollment activities of RWHAP clients into private health insurance plans through the Health Insurance Marketplace and/or Medicaid

Food Bank/Food Vouchers

- Food Bank/Vouchers =150% FPL and Food Stamps/WIC application
- 15 boxes max per year/may substitute 3 boxes for vouchers
- Emergency Assistance = 151-300% FPL & *income loss/reduction due to unexpected/ unbudgeted expense beyond client's control* (annual max 3 boxes/vouchers)

Legal Services (<=300% FPL)

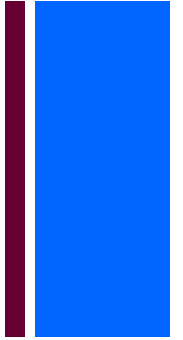


Priority Setting Recommendations & Client Survey Results

June 12, 2013



Overview



- Review Scorecard Format
- Review PSRA Recommendations
 - Joint Planning Recommendations
 - Special Populations
 - Language on How Best to Meet the Need
 - Review Viral Load Data
 - JCCR Rankings
- Client Survey Results
- PSRA Timeline



Review Scorecard Format

Work Plan Item #1.4

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A & MAI Outpatient/Ambulatory Health ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, <=400% FPL										
Fiscal Year	Part A & MAI Service Allocations			Final Part A & MAI Expenditures				EMA Award		Priority Rank
FY	Part A	MAI	Total	Part A	MAI	Total	% change	Total Part A/MAI	% of Total	
2012	\$6,504,282	\$100,000	\$6,604,282	\$5,743,196	\$99,936	\$5,843,132	5%	\$15,390,658	38%	1
2011	\$5,920,360	\$234,473	\$6,154,833	\$5,482,813	\$99,993	\$5,580,806	-9%	\$15,006,261	37%	1
2010	\$5,944,675	\$120,035	\$6,064,710	\$5,876,974	\$263,344	\$6,140,318	-1%	\$15,395,252	40%	1
2009	\$4,534,544	\$176,185	\$4,710,729	\$5,833,076	\$344,635	\$6,177,711	24%	\$15,188,452	41%	1
2008	\$4,271,208	\$120,079	\$4,391,287	\$4,639,829	\$331,075	\$4,970,904		\$15,171,291	33%	2
Health Insurance Exchange Cost Estimate-Silver Plan (does not include smoking surcharge </=50% premium full cost)										
Federal Poverty Level (FPL)	PART A/MAI Medical Clients by FPL Range		Annual Premium w/ Subsidy Applied		Out-of-Pocket Cost w/ Subsidy	Total Annual Cost (Premium & Out of Pocket)		Medicaid Expansion		
			Cost as % of Income	FPL Range						
	#	%			Min	Max		Min		Max
0%-99%	2,258	58%	Not Eligible for Premium Subsidy or Out-of-Pocket Subsidy						Eligible	
100%-138%	728	19%	2%	\$230	\$317	\$1,964	\$2,194	\$2,281		
139%-150%	119	3%	3%-4%	\$479	\$689	\$1,964	\$2,443	\$2,653	Not Eligible	
151%-200%	379	10%	4%-6.3%	\$694	\$1,448	\$1,964	\$2,658	\$3,412		
201%-250%	246	6%	4%-6.3%	\$1,455	\$2,298	\$2,975	\$4,430	\$5,273		
251%-285%	117	3%	6.3%-8%	\$2,307	\$2,620	\$2,975	\$5,282	\$5,595		
286%-299%	21	1%	9%	\$2,958	\$3,092	\$2,975	\$5,933	\$6,067		
300%-349%	23	1%	9.5%	\$3,275	\$3,810	\$3,987	\$7,262	\$7,797		
350%-400%	15	0.4%	9.5%	\$3,820	\$4,366	\$3,987	\$7,807	\$8,353		
401% & over	4	0.1%	NOT Eligible for Health Exchange Premium Subsidy, Out-of-Pocket Subsidy or Medicaid							
Part A/MAI Medical Cost Ranges			ACA Impact on Ryan White Part A Medical Services							
Cost Range	Avg Cost	Clients	* Exchange: 100-400% FPL*, ineligible for Medicaid & employer insurance can receive assistance							
\$0-\$1,000	\$597	1,380	* Premium subsidy reduces premium cost based on % of income (100% FPL=2% of income)							
\$1,001-\$2,000	\$1,428	1,715	* Long transition period may require Part A medical to be fully funded, at least initially, in FY 14							
\$2,001-\$3,500	\$2,507	550	* ADAP medical deductible, copay and premium assistance funding will likely be greatly expanded							
\$3,501-\$5,500	\$4,226	123	* Potential need for Part A emergency deductible, copay and premium assistance							
\$5,501-\$9,326	\$6,654	22	* Undocumented & lawfully present immigrant w/in 5 years of residency barred from federal benefits							
\$0-\$9,326	\$1,403	3,790	* PLWHA out of/or never in care may need assistance while being reconnected or connected							
FY 2012/13 Part A/MAI Demographics						FY 2012/2013 Other Medical Funding				
Total Clients	# New	% New		Male	Female	Transgender		Source	Clients	Amount
3,790	997	26%	Gender	72%	28%	1%		Ryan White Part C	182	\$143,437
				Black	White	Other		Ryan White Part D	1,329	\$369,969
Ryan White Part A & MAI Providers			Race	53%	46%	1%		RW Part B AICP	712	\$3,782,640
Type	Part A	MAI		Hispanic	non-Hispanic	Haitian		Veterans (VA)	377	\$660,609
Number	5	1	Ethnicity	19%	81%	14%			2,600	\$4,956,655

ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, <=400% FPL

HAB Performance Measure	Numerator	Denominator	Achieved	HAB Performance Measure	Numerator	Denominator	Achieved
CD4 T-Cell Count	2,559	3,291	78%	Chlamydia Screening	549	808	68%
HAART	316	329	96%	Gonorrhea Screening	547	808	68%
Medical Visits	2,765	3,291	84%	Syphilis Screening	3,018	3,922	77%
Oral Exam	1,647	3,922	42%	Cervical Cancer Screening	404	1,083	37%
Lipid Screening	2605	3,310	79%	Hepatitis B Screening	3,281	3,922	84%
TB Screening	2,545	3,915	65%	Hepatitis C Screening	2,985	3,922	76%

Outcome	Slow/prevent clients HIV disease progression	Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Indicator 1:	80% of clients with a CD4 <500 are on HAART	1,660	1,938	86%
Indicator 2:	70% of clients on HAART over 6 months will have a VL <400	2,748	3,264	84%

NQC Retention Measure #1: Gap Measure		Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator:	Patients with no medical visits in the last 180 days of the measurement year	23	1,572	1%
Denominator:	Patients with one or more medical visits in the first six months of the measurement year			
NQC Retention Measure #2: Medical Visit Frequency		Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator:	Patients with one or more medical visits in EACH 6 month period of the 24-mos period	1,070	1,134	94%
Denominator:	Patients with one or more medical visits in FIRST 6 month period of the 24-mos period			
NQC Retention Measure #3: Patients Newly Enrolled in Medical Care		Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator:	Patients with one or more medical visits in each 4-month period in the measurement year	97	128	76%
Denominator:	Patients newly enrolled w/ medical provider & >=1 visit in 1st 4 mos. of measurement year			
NQC Retention Measure #4: Viral Load Suppression		Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator:	Patients with a viral load <200 at last Viral Load test in the measurement year	1,386	1,803	77%
Denominator:	Patients with at least one medical visit in the measurement year			

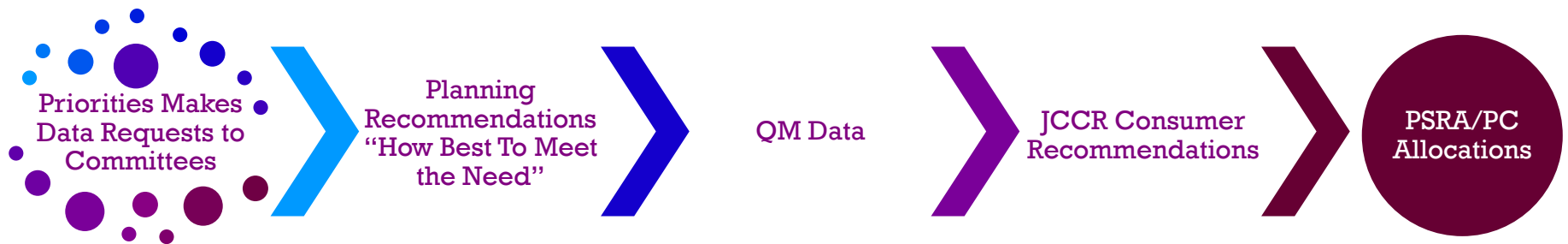
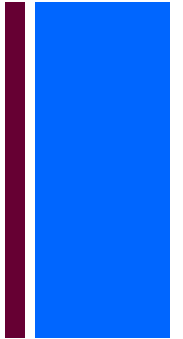
1. Enhance the emphasis on adherence and retention in medical care with a focus on those sub-populations that are not achieving virologic success.
2. Review ability to establish and integrate a patient centered medical home model of care for all core medical services.



Priority Setting

Work Plan Item #1.5

+ Committee Roles in PSRA



+ Joint Planning Committee Recommendations

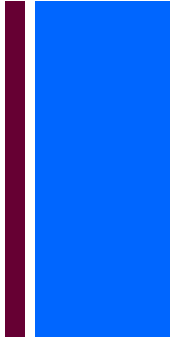
- Special attention to be focused on the following target populations to make recommendations by service category in order to best meet their needs:
- Black Heterosexuals
- All MSMs



+ FY14/15 Language on How
Best to Meet the Need



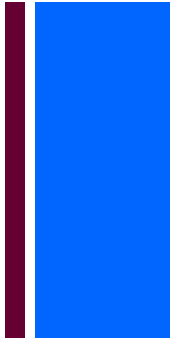
ALL Part A and MAI Services



- Ensure eligible individuals learn about and enroll in new coverage opportunities created by ACA
- Ensure NHAS recommendations and objectives are integrated into the Service Delivery Model (SDM)
- Ensure providers have HIV specific Clinical QM & cultural competency plans based on CLAS Standards
- Ensure SDM and service delivery are culturally and linguistically appropriate reflecting clients' racial/ethnic, cultural, gender, gender identification, sexual orientation and linguistic needs
- Ensure high client satisfaction with services
- Identify and implement strategies to address disparities in access and outcomes



Outpatient Ambulatory Health Services Part A and MAI



- Enhance the emphasis on adherence and retention in medical care inclusive of sub-populations not achieving viral load suppression
- *Conduct basic Mental Health /Substance Abuse (MH/SA) assessments within the SDM. Refer to appropriate services/follow-up and client reassessment. Consider role of culture/stigma related to accessing MH/SA*
- Ensure geographic service availability through selection of providers located in high prevalence areas
- Funds should be allocated to sub-grantees demonstrating effective linkages and collaboration with outreach to ensure adherence and retention



AIDS Pharmaceuticals (Local) and Oral Health Care



AIDS Pharmaceuticals (Local)

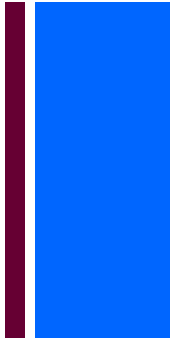
- Ensure only locally available ADAP approved ARVs are added to formulary
- Ensure payer of last resort through application/enrollment in ADAP, AICP, med co-pay, PAPs, Medicaid, Medicare and private health insurance/exchange

Oral Health Care

- Maintain specialty oral health care service definition “provide care beyond extractions and restoration to include full or partial dentures and surgical procedures.”



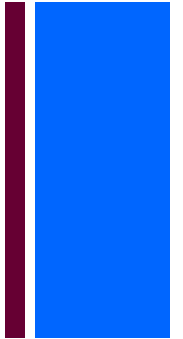
Medical Case Management



- Ensure the service delivery model contains a peer component
- Enhance emphasis on adherence and retention in medical care inclusive of sub-populations not achieving viral load suppression
- Provide information about importance of medication adherence
- Assess barriers and implement strategies to address adherence including referrals for further counseling
- Provide health education and reinforce strategies for risk behavior reduction
- *Conduct Mental Health /Substance Abuse (MH/SA) assessments within the SDM. Refer to appropriate services/follow-up and client reassessment. Consider role of culture/stigma related to accessing MH/SA. Respect refusal of services and if appropriate suggest alternatives (church, spiritual healing)*
- Review feasibility OHC Patient Navigators



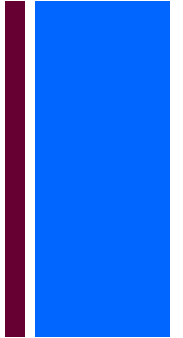
MAI Medical Case Management



- Ensure that services are incorporating a strength-based approach that is conducted by peers
- Ensure short-term services and that clients are integrated into Part A MCM
- Enhance the emphasis on adherence and retention in medical care inclusive of sub-populations not achieving viral load suppression
- Provide information about importance of medication adherence
- Assess barriers and implement strategies to address adherence including referrals for further counseling
- *Conduct Mental Health /Substance Abuse (MH/SA) assessments within the SDM. Refer to appropriate services/follow-up and client reassessment. Consider role of culture/stigma related to accessing MH/SA. Respect refusal of services and if appropriate suggest alternatives (e.g., church, spiritual healing)*
- Provide health education and reinforce strategies for risk behavior reduction



Review the Definition of Medical Case Management



- Medical Case Management shall include the provision of treatment adherence counseling to ensure readiness for and adherence to, complex HIV/AIDS treatments. Key activities/services X shall provide include: (1) initial assessment of service needs; (2) development of a comprehensive, individualized service plan; (3) coordination of services required to implement the plan; (4) Client monitoring to assess the efficacy of the plan; and (5) periodic reevaluation and adaptation of the plan as necessary over the life of the client.
- **Joint Planning Committee's Concerns**
 - Will Medical Case Managers who aren't located in a medical setting meet the needs as expressed in the SDM?



Mental Health Services and Substance Abuse Services Part A and MAI



Mental Health

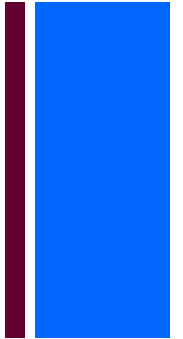
- Ensure services to stabilize mental health and facilitate treatment adherence
- Ensure services are provided in a manner that addresses the dual diagnosis/co-occurrence of HIV and mental health issues and substance use

Substance Abuse

- Ensure services are provided in a manner that addresses the dual diagnosis/co-occurrence of HIV and substance abuse issues as well as any mental health issues



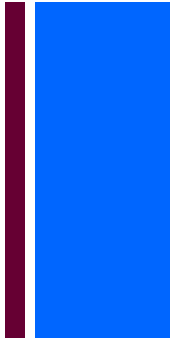
Centralized Intake and Eligibility Determination (CIED) Part A and MAI



- Support outreach, benefits counseling and enrollment activities of into private health insurance plans through the Health Exchange and into Medicaid and other 3rd party funded programs
- Ensure rapid linkage of newly diagnosed and individuals out of care
- Ensure coordination with key points of entry including Prevention, CTS, other RW Parts, hospitals, correctional facilities and substance abuse programs



Outreach Services



- Outreach program is specifically designed to identify people with HIV and make them aware of available HIV medical and support services
- Ensure active, focused MOUs, with key points of entry
- Ensure linkage of newly diagnosed and those out of care
- Ensure linkages to medical and other service systems
- Target outreach activities to key points of entry, including hospitals/private providers and ambulatory care settings, targeting new clients and clients lost to care
- Support outreach, benefits counseling and enrollment activities of RW clients into private health insurance plans through the Health Insurance Marketplace and/or Medicaid



Viral Load Data

Work Plan Item #1.5

+ Part A Viral Load Stratification FY 12-13

Female		High VL		UnSuppressed		Suppressed		Undetectable		Total
	Black Non-Hisp	52	4%	364	29%	139	11%	716	56%	1,271
	White Non-Hisp	7	4%	31	19%	17	11%	104	65%	159
	White Hispanic	2	2%	24	19%	16	13%	84	67%	126
	Black Hispanic	1	5%	8	40%	2	10%	9	45%	20
	Other	0	0%	3	25%	4	33%	5	42%	12
Male										
	Non-Hispanic	0	0%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%	1
	White Non-Hisp	58	4%	230	17%	209	15%	878	64%	1,378
	Black Non-Hisp	84	5%	403	24%	208	13%	948	58%	1,645
	White Hispanic	17	2%	120	17%	96	14%	475	67%	708
	Black Hispanic	3	11%	6	21%	1	4%	18	64%	28
	Male Other	1	3%	10	26%	3	8%	25	66%	38
Transgender (M to F)										
	Asian	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%	1
	Black	1	6%	5	28%	3	17%	9	50%	18
	Hispanic (White)	0	0%	4	67%	0	0%	2	33%	6
	White Non-Hisp	0	0%	1	20%	0	0%	4	80%	5
Total		226	4%	1210	22%	698	13%	3277	61%	5416

Undetectable VL: Viral Load is < / = 50

Suppressed Detectable VL: Viral Load >50 and < / =200

Not Suppressed VL: Viral Load >200 and < 100,000

High VL: Viral Load is > / = 100,000



JCCR Committee Rankings

Work Plan Item #1.5



JCCR's Rankings



JCCR 5/7/2013

Core Services	Rankings
Doctor visits for medical care and nutritional counseling	1
AIDS pharmaceutical assistance	2
Medical case management	3
Dental Care	4
Mental health services	5
Outpatient addiction treatment	6
Support Services	Rankings
Centralized Intake and eligibility	1
Emergency food bank	2
Outreach services	3
Legal services	4



2012 Client Survey Results

Work Plan Item #1.7



Consumer Rankings



Consumer Priority Ranking Comparison

	2010	2011	2012
Core Services	n=1,263	n=445	n=658
Ambulatory Medical	6	1	1
AIDS Pharmacy Assistance	1	2	2
HICP	2	3	N/A
Oral Health	4	4	3
Medical Case Management	3	5	4
Mental Health	5	6	5
Substance Abuse	7	7	6
Support Services	n=1,263	n=445	n=666
Food Bank	1	1	2
Outreach	4	3	3
Medical Transportation	2	5	N/A
Legal Services	3	4	4
CIED	N/A	2	1

+ Demographics

Gender	# (n=1,038)	%	Part A (n=7,064)	%
Male	719	69%	4,962	70%
Female	304	29%	2,065	29%
Transgender (Male to Female)	15	1.5%	35	0.5%
Race				
White/Caucasian	443	44%	3,028	42.9%
Black/African Descent	507	50%	3,712	52.5%
American Indian/Alaska Native	6	0.6%	7	0.1%
Asian	5	0.5%	34	0.5%
More than one race	43	4%	9	0.1%
Ethnicity				
Non-Hispanic	660	76%	5,897	83.5%
Hispanic	173	20%	1,088	15%

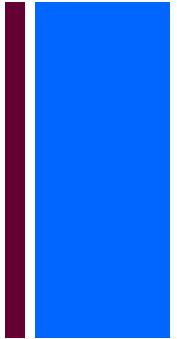
+ Age



Age Groups of Respondents (n=1,065)

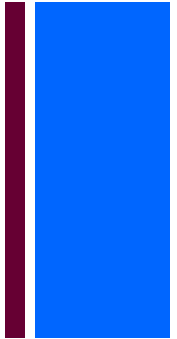
Age	#	%
13-19	5	0.5%
20-24	34	3%
25-29	63	6%
30-39	166	15%
40-49	355	33%
50-59	357	33%
60+	85	8%

+ Payment Source



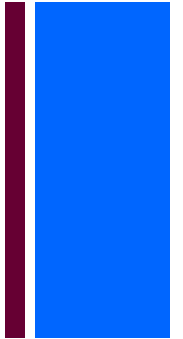
Select ALL Ways You Pay for Medical Care & Medications				
(Multiple Situations May be Reported)	All (n=1,049)	Male (n=719)	Female (n=304)	Transgender (n=15)
Private Health Insurance	8.6%	10.5%	4.4%	---
Veteran's Administration (VA)	1.5%	1.9%	0.0%	7.1%
Cash/Self-Paid	14.1%	16.1%	10.4%	7.1%
AICP	2.1%	2.1%	1.7%	---
Medicare	21.3%	20.6%	23.8%	---
Medicaid	25.8%	19.1%	41.1%	7.1%
Ryan White	64.4%	65.6%	63.3%	57.1%
ADAP	37.9%	42.8%	28.1%	28.6%
No Health Insurance	7.2%	8.5%	3.0%	21.4%

+ Situation When First Tested HIV+



Situation When First Tested HIV Positive HIV			
(Multiple Situations May be Reported)	Male (n=719)	Female (n=304)	Transgender (n=15)
During Pregnancy		17.8%	0%
Living In A Homeless Shelter	2%	3%	13%
Getting Care At An ER	7%	7%	7%
You Injected Drugs	0.8%	0.3%	0%
In Jail Or Prison	4%	5%	7%
Testing Site/Doctor's Office	40%	23%	27%
Admitted To A Hospital	12%	13%	0%
Getting Substance Abuse Treatment	3%	4%	7%
Getting STD Treatment	6%	3%	13%
Don't Know/Don't Remember	9%	10%	7%
Other	20%	22%	13%

+ Linkage to Care



Experiences in the Last Six Months		
	#	%
Took an HIV Test		
Yes	390	39%
No	524	53%
Received Info About Attaining HIV Medical Care		
Yes	306	88%
No	12	4%
Length of Time to See a Doctor		
0-2 weeks	196	58%
2-4 weeks	65	19%
4-12 weeks	38	11%
12 weeks +	18	5%

+ Linkage to Care

How Did You Hear About Where to Go for Services?	
	%
Family	6.8%
Friend	31.5%
Advertisement	5.4%
Internet	5.6%
Test Site	21.0%

Other Responses	
	%
Case Manager/Counselor	6%
Doctor's Office	11%
Hospital	5%
Jail	2%



Key Findings – Newly Diagnosed (n=31)

Received an HIV test within the last 6 months and 2012 reported as year of diagnosis

Findings

Respondents were mostly between ages 25-29 (29%) followed by 40-49 (19%)

Majority of respondents were male (73%) with one person identifying as transgender

Majority identified as Black/African Descent (52%)

93% reported receiving information about where to go for medical care
66% reported seeing a doctor within 0-2 weeks (n=29)

65% tested positive for HIV at a testing site/doctor's office and 26% reported being tested at an emergency room or after being admitted to the hospital

76% described reported sexual experience in last 6 months as always having sex with men

Majority (53%) reported hearing about where to go for HIV services from testing sites

+ Key Findings – Newly Diagnosed, Cont.

Received an HIV test within the last 6 months and 2012 reported as year of diagnosis

Findings

71% reported having a usual place to go for medical care; of those who did not (n=5), the reasons indicated were inability to pay (60%) and not knowing where to find care (40%)

About 35% reported visiting a medical provider, including the ER, 1-2 times over the last 6 months, while 21% reported 4-6 visits and 17% reported no visits

55% reported having a CD4 count, VL test, or ARV prescription in past 12 months

Respondents identified lack of knowledge, cost of services, unemployment, poor living conditions, fear, and stigma as the main reasons why PLWHA in the community do not get care

38% reported CD4 >350 and VL between 50-55,000; 26% reported taking ARVs as prescribed Of those who never took, or stopped taking, ARVs, (n=10), 50% reported their doctor said they didn't need them/did not prescribe and 10% reported not being able to afford them

13% reported experiencing homelessness with 50% (n=4) reporting no medical care while homeless

Special Populations: MSM



Characteristics & Service Utilization Rates

	ALL (n=1,087)		WMSM (n=258)	BMSM (n=72)	HMSM (n=83)
Avg. Age of Respondents	42		42	35	38
First tested HIV+ in Broward County	62%		45%	57%	44%
First tested HIV+ in other FL County	13%		14%	10%	13%
First tested HIV+ in other State	21%		35%	31%	27%
First tested HIV+ in other Country	4%		6%	1.4%	16%
Ryan White as Payment Source	64.4%		65.8%	54.3%	76.5%
Has Usual Source of HIV Medical Care	93.4%		96%	87%	95%
Avg. Medical Visits (Last Six Months)	2.2		1.7	1.6	1.9
Currently Using ARVs	73.3%		82%	57%	70%
Never Taken ARVs	13.9%		9%	18%	18%
Always Taking ARVs as Prescribed	91.1%		92%	95%	94%
Received CD4, VL, or ARVs (past year)	83.8%		88%	77%	85%
Out of Care (>/= 1 year w/in last 5 years)	19.0%		15%	27%	12%
Experienced Homelessness	28.9%		17%	29%	18%
Currently In Stable Housing	81.7%		87%	91%	85%
Medical Care Improved Due to Stable Housing	69.8%		65%	75%	70%

+ Special Populations: Black Heterosexuals

Characteristics & Service Utilization Rates				
	ALL (n=1,087)		BHM (n=103)	BHF (n=151)
Avg. Age of Respondents	42		43	38
First tested HIV+ in Broward County	62%		69.1%	91.2%
First tested HIV+ in other FL County	13%		21.7%	4.8%
First tested HIV+ in other State	21%		7.2%	2.7%
First tested HIV+ in other Country	4%		2.1%	1.4%
Ryan White as Payment Source	64.4%		64.7%	63.1%
Has Usual Source of HIV Medical Care	93.4%		91.6%	92.4%
Avg. Medical Visits (Last Six Months)	2.2		2.3	2.2
Currently Using ARVs	73.3%		66.3%	66.2%
Never Taken ARVs	13.9%		16.9%	11.8%
Always Taking ARVs as Prescribed	91.1%		88.0%	89.7%
Received CD4, VL, or ARVs (past year)	83.8%		81.5%	79.3%
Out of Care (>/= 1 year w/in last 5 years)	19.0%		18.5%	22.3%
Experienced Homelessness	28.9%		44.0%	34.3%
Currently In Stable Housing	81.7%		75.8%	82.0%
Medical Care Improved Due to Stable Housing	69.8%		72.2%	71.7%

+ Barriers to Medical Care

Perceived Barriers	Experienced Homelessness
Paid Medication & Medical Care Before Rent	19%
Paid Medication & Medical Care Before Utilities	21%
Paid Medication & Medical Care Before Mortgage	11%
Paid Rent Before Medication & Medical Care	28%
Paid Utilities Before Medication & Medical Care	27%
Paid Mortgage Before Medication & Medical Care	12%
Currently in Stable Housing	69%
Stable Housing Improved Medical Care	73%
Difficulty Getting Transportation	44%
Difficulty Getting Day Care Services	8%
Difficulty Getting Appropriate Food	39%
Paid for Transportation Before Rent/Utilities/Mortgage	30%
Paid for Day Care Before Rent/Utilities/Mortgage	5%
Paid for Food Before Rent/Utilities/Mortgage	45%



Barriers to Medical Care: MSM

Perceived Barriers	ALL	WMSM	BMSM	HMSM
Paid Medication & Medical Care Before Rent	14.1%	15.6%	12.1%	17.5%
Paid Medication & Medical Care Before Utilities	16.4%	20.4%	13.6%	22.5%
Paid Medication & Medical Care Before Mortgage	9.0%	11.1%	7.6%	13.2%
Paid Rent Before Medication & Medical Care	21.4%	25.5%	20.6%	27.5%
Paid Utilities Before Medication & Medical Care	20.9%	27.3%	16.2%	32.5%
Paid Mortgage Before Medication & Medical Care	10.2%	13.9%	7.7%	15.8%
Currently in Stable Housing	81.7%	86.5%	91.0%	84.7%
Stable Housing Improved Medical Care	69.8%	64.5%	74.6%	69.4%
Difficulty Getting Transportation	25.6%	18.5%	31.8%	19.7%
Difficulty Getting Day Care Services	3.9%	1.3%	3.0%	5.3%
Difficulty Getting Appropriate Food	23.5%	19.9%	20.3%	22.4%
Paid for Transportation Before Rent/Utilities/Mortgage	19.2%	14.8%	19.1%	20.5%
Paid for Day Care Before Rent/Utilities/Mortgage	3.3%	0.9%	1.5%	1.4%
Paid for Food Before Rent/Utilities/Mortgage	32.3%	29.4%	32.8%	34.6%



Barriers to Medical Care: Black Heterosexual Males & Females

Perceived Barriers	ALL	BHM	BHF
Paid Medication & Medical Care Before Rent	14.1%	8.7%	7.5%
Paid Medication & Medical Care Before Utilities	16.4%	9.9%	8.8%
Paid Medication & Medical Care Before Mortgage	9.0%	5.6%	4.2%
Paid Rent Before Medication & Medical Care	21.4%	9.9%	17.2%
Paid Utilities Before Medication & Medical Care	20.9%	11.8%	14.6%
Paid Mortgage Before Medication & Medical Care	10.2%	8.6%	8.4%
Currently in Stable Housing	81.7%	75.8%	82.0%
Stable Housing Improved Medical Care	69.8%	72.2%	71.7%
Difficulty Getting Transportation	25.6%	25.3%	27.7%
Difficulty Getting Day Care Services	3.9%	5.6%	4.9%
Difficulty Getting Appropriate Food	23.5%	16.7%	21.6%
Paid for Transportation Before Rent/Utilities/Mortgage	19.2%	15.9%	18.9%
Paid for Day Care Before Rent/Utilities/Mortgage	3.3%	2.4%	4.2%
Paid for Food Before Rent/Utilities/Mortgage	32.3%	30.0%	29.6%

+ Key Findings - Lost To Care (n=138)

Reported a period of at least 12 months over the past 5 years when they were not receiving HIV primary care

Findings

Respondents' average age was 40

Majority of respondents (68%) were male and identify as Black/African Descent (55%)

Most (60%) reported Ryan White as their way for paying for care and medications

Among those who stated they got an HIV test in the last 6 months (n=127), 43% were able to see a doctor within 0-2 weeks and 25% within 2-4 weeks

Respondents reported the following reasons for taking longer than 12 weeks to see a doctor about their HIV infection: Fear, thinking it was not necessary, not wanting others to know of their HIV status, and lack of knowledge of where to find a doctor

About 36% reported first testing positive at a testing site/doctor's office; 45% and 44% reported being tested between '89-'99 and '00-'10 respectively (n=125)

Majority (58%) reported their sexual experience in the last 6 months as always having sex with men

Majority (95%) reported having a place to go for medical care; for those who reported not having a place to go (n=6), most (50%) reported the reason was cost of care

+ Key Findings - Lost To Care, Cont.

Reported a period of at least 12 months over the past 5 years when they were not receiving HIV primary care

Findings

Of those currently taking ARVs, 94% reported ALWAYS taking ARVs as prescribed. Of those who reported missing doses (n=7), 43% reported that drugs made them feel bad and 43% forgetting to take them.

Main reasons for never taking, or stopping ARVs were: doctor said they were not needed (21%), inability to pay for medications (14%), and taking a drug holiday (14%)

36% of respondents reported experiencing homelessness

34% did not receive medical care during episodes of homelessness; those who did, continued seeing their previous physician (29%), utilized public transportation (21%), and accessed free/low cost clinics (18%)

76% stated they were stably housed currently and 64% reported their medical care improved as a result of being stably housed (n=104)

37% reported difficulty getting transportation to medical care and 23% reported paying for transportation before paying for rent/mortgage/utilities (n=122)

Many respondents (32%) reported difficulty getting food as required for medications

Many respondents (37%) reported paying for food before paying rent/mortgage/utilities

+ Key Findings - Lost To Care, Cont.

Reported a period of at least 12 months over the past 5 years when they were not receiving HIV primary care

Findings

All respondents reported having at least a CD4 count, VL test, or prescription for ARVs in the past 12 months

Reasons for not receiving medical care included not being able to afford the care (34%), not knowing where to go (14%), fear of being identified as HIV+ (12%), not being ready to deal with HIV status (10%), and hearing bad things about medication side effects (10%)

The services identified as needed, other than medical and medications, while out of care were Dental Care (68%), Case Management (44%), Housing (41%), and Mental Health Services (34%)

The reasons reported for getting back into care included: Getting sick and knowing care was needed (31%), being ready to deal with the illness (25%), finding a doctor/facility the respondents liked (21%), and getting the information needed to get into care (20%)

Respondents identified the following as the most important reasons why PLWHA in this community do not get HIV medical care: Lack of knowledge, transportation, and support (34%), and inability to afford services (18%)

About 28% reported a CD4 count between 200-350; 17% reported 350-500; 26% reported over 500; and approximately 16% did not know their CD4 count. Most (51%) reported being undetectable (n=126)

+ Key Findings – Reasons for Being Out of Care (n=52)

Other Responses	
	%
Cost/No Insurance	33%
Did Not Know Where to Go	2%
Internal Struggles (Depressed/Scared)	13%
Missed Appointment	4%
Homeless	4%
Moving	6%

+ Key Findings – Comments Related to Service Categories (n=254)

Other Responses	
Increase Funding for:	%
Medications	5%
Doctor Care/Medical Care	2%
Dental Care	3%
Food Bank/Food Service	6%
Case Management	2%
Transportation*	8%

**Not a Part A Service Category*



PSRA Timeline

+ Upcoming PSRA Items

- Review Eligibility for Service Categories
- Rank Part A and MAI Service Categories
- Contingency Planning based on Implementation of ACA
- Allocations

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A & MAI Outpatient/Ambulatory Health ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, <=400% FPL										
Fiscal Year	Part A & MAI Service Allocations			Final Part A & MAI Expenditures				EMA Award		Priority
FY	Part A	MAI	Total	Part A	MAI	Total	% change	Total Part A/MAI	% of Total	Rank
2012	\$6,504,282	\$100,000	\$6,604,282	\$5,743,196	\$99,936	\$5,843,132	5%	\$15,390,658	38%	1
2011	\$5,920,360	\$234,473	\$6,154,833	\$5,482,813	\$99,993	\$5,580,806	-9%	\$15,006,261	37%	1
2010	\$5,944,675	\$120,035	\$6,064,710	\$5,876,974	\$263,344	\$6,140,318	-1%	\$15,395,252	40%	1
2009	\$4,534,544	\$176,185	\$4,710,729	\$5,833,076	\$344,635	\$6,177,711	24%	\$15,188,452	41%	1
2008	\$4,271,208	\$120,079	\$4,391,287	\$4,639,829	\$331,075	\$4,970,904		\$15,171,291	33%	2
Health Insurance Exchange Cost Estimate-Silver Plan (does not include smoking surcharge <=50% premium full cost)										
Federal Poverty Level (FPL)	PART A/MAI Medical Clients by FPL Range		Annual Premium w/ Subsidy Applied		Out-of-Pocket Cost w/ Subsidy	Total Annual Cost (Premium & Out of Pocket)		Medicaid Expansion		
			Cost as % of Income	FPL Range						
	#	%		Min		Max	Min			Max
0%-99%	2,258	58%	Not Eligible for Premium Subsidy or Out-of-Pocket Subsidy						Eligible	
100%-138%	728	19%	2%	\$230	\$317	\$1,964	\$2,194	\$2,281		
139%-150%	119	3%	3%-4%	\$479	\$689	\$1,964	\$2,443	\$2,653	Not Eligible	
151%-200%	379	10%	4%-6.3%	\$694	\$1,448	\$1,964	\$2,658	\$3,412		
201%-250%	246	6%	4%-6.3%	\$1,455	\$2,298	\$2,975	\$4,430	\$5,273		
251%-285%	117	3%	6.3%-8%	\$2,307	\$2,620	\$2,975	\$5,282	\$5,595		
286%-299%	21	1%	9%	\$2,958	\$3,092	\$2,975	\$5,933	\$6,067		
300%-349%	23	1%	9.5%	\$3,275	\$3,810	\$3,987	\$7,262	\$7,797		
350%-400%	15	0.4%	9.5%	\$3,820	\$4,366	\$3,987	\$7,807	\$8,353		
401% & over	4	0.1%	NOT Eligible for Health Exchange Premium Subsidy, Out-of-Pocket Subsidy or Medicaid							
Part A/MAI Medical Cost Ranges			ACA Impact on Ryan White Part A Medical Services							
Cost Range	Avg Cost	Clients	* Exchange: 100-400% FPL*, ineligible for Medicaid & employer insurance can receive assistance							
\$0-\$1,000	\$597	1,380	* Premium subsidy reduces premium cost based on % of income (100% FPL=2% of income)							
\$1,001-\$2,000	\$1,428	1,715	* Long transition period may require Part A medical to be fully funded, at least initially, in FY 14							
\$2,001-\$3,500	\$2,507	550	* ADAP medical deductible, copay and premium assistance funding will likely be greatly expanded							
\$3,501-\$5,500	\$4,226	123	* Potential need for Part A emergency deductible, copay and premium assistance							
\$5,501-\$9,326	\$6,654	22	* Undocumented & lawfully present immigrant w/in 5 years of residency barred from federal benefits							
\$0-\$9,326	\$1,403	3,790	* PLWHA out of/or never in care may need assistance while being reconnected or connected							
FY 2012/13 Part A/MAI Demographics						FY 2012/2013 Other Medical Funding				
Total Clients	# New	% New		Male	Female	Transgender	Source	Clients	Amount	
3,790	997	26%	Gender	72%	28%	1%	Ryan White Part C	182	\$143,437	
				Black	White	Other	Ryan White Part D	1,329	\$369,969	
Ryan White Part A & MAI Providers			Race	53%	46%	1%	RW Part B AICP	712	\$3,782,640	
Type	Part A	MAI		Hispanic	non-Hispanic	Haitian	Veterans (VA)	377	\$660,609	
Number	5	1	Ethnicity	19%	81%	14%		2,600	\$4,956,655	

ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, <=400% FPL

HAB Performance Measure	Numerator	Denominator	Achieved	HAB Performance Measure	Numerator	Denominator	Achieved
CD4 T-Cell Count	2,559	3,291	78%	Chlamydia Screening	549	808	68%
HAART	316	329	96%	Gonorrhea Screening	547	808	68%
Medical Visits	2,765	3,291	84%	Syphilis Screening	3,018	3,922	77%
Oral Exam	1,647	3,922	42%	Cervical Cancer Screening	404	1,083	37%
Lipid Screening	2605	3,310	79%	Hepatitis B Screening	3,281	3,922	84%
TB Screening	2,545	3,915	65%	Hepatitis C Screening	2,985	3,922	76%

Outcome	Slow/prevent clients HIV disease progression	Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Indicator 1:	80% of clients with a CD4 <500 are on HAART	1,660	1,938	86%
Indicator 2:	70% of clients on HAART over 6 months will have a VL <400	2,748	3,264	84%

NQC Retention Measure #1: Gap Measure		Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator:	Patients with no medical visits in the last 180 days of the measurement year	23	1,572	1%
Denominator:	Patients with one or more medical visits in the first six months of the measurement year			

Numerator:	Patients with one or more medical visits in EACH 6 month period of the 24-mos period	1,070	1,134	94%
Denominator:	Patients with one or more medical visits in FIRST 6 month period of the 24-mos period			

Numerator:	Patients with one or more medical visits in each 4-month period in the measurement year	97	128	76%
Denominator:	Patients newly enrolled w/ medical provider & ≥1 visit in 1st 4 mos. of measurement year			

Numerator:	Patients with a viral load <200 at last Viral Load test in the measurement year	1,386	1,803	77%
Denominator:	Patients with at least one medical visit in the measurement year			

1. Enhance the emphasis on adherence and retention in medical care with a focus on those sub-populations that are not achieving virologic success.
2. Review ability to establish and integrate a patient centered medical home model of care for all core medical services.

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A & MAI Medical Case Management						ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, <= 300% FPL					
Fiscal Year		Part A & MAI Service Allocations			Final Part A & MAI Expenditures				EMA Award		Priority
FY	Part A	MAI	Total	Part A	MAI	Total	% change	Total Part A/MAI	% of Total	Rank	
2012	\$1,134,105	\$176,644	\$1,310,749	\$1,097,100	\$23,544	\$1,120,644	0.2%	\$15,390,658	7.3%	5	
2011	\$1,090,105	\$29,953	\$1,120,058	\$1,088,560	\$29,943	\$1,118,503	-9%	\$15,006,261	7.5%	3	
2010	\$1,282,612	\$29,953	\$1,312,565	\$1,174,211	\$58,835	\$1,233,046	-3%	\$15,395,252	8.0%	4	
2009	\$1,400,201	\$29,953	\$1,430,154	\$1,243,500	\$29,761	\$1,273,261	5%	\$15,188,452	8.4%	3	
2008	\$1,154,840	\$29,953	\$1,184,793	\$1,184,341	\$29,924	\$1,214,265		\$15,171,291	8.0%	4	
Part A/MAI Utilization & Demographics						Funded Providers		FY 2012 -13 Other Funding			
Total Clients	# New	% New	Male	Female	Trans.	RW	Providers	Source	Funding	Clients	
3,509	951	27%	74%	26%	1.0%	Part A	MAI	Part C	\$173,099	1,072	
Black	White	Other	Hispanic	non-Hispanic	Haitian	7	2	Part D	\$365,805	1,114	
55%	44%	1%	17%	83%	11%			PAC Waiver	\$606,200	659	
Health Insurance Exchange Cost Estimate-Silver Plan (does not include smoking surcharge <=50% premium full cost)											
Federal Poverty Level (FPL)	RW PART A and MAI		Annual Premium w/ Subsidy Applied			Out-of-Pocket Cost w/ Subsidy	Total Annual Cost (Premium & Out of Pocket)		Medicaid Expansion		
	# of MCM Clients	% of MCM Clients	Cost as % of Income	FPL Range Min Max			Min	Max			
0%-99%	2,188	62%	Not Eligible for Premium Subsidy or Out-of-Pocket Subsidy								
100%-138%	608	17%	2%	\$230	\$317	\$1,964	\$2,194	\$2,281	Eligible		
139%-150%	100	3%	3%-4%	\$479	\$689	\$1,964	\$2,443	\$2,653	Not Eligible		
151%-200%	313	9%	4%-6.3%	\$694	\$1,448	\$1,964	\$2,658	\$3,412			
201%-250%	175	5%	4%-6.3%	\$1,455	\$2,298	\$2,975	\$4,430	\$5,273			
251%-285%	89	3%	6.3%-8%	\$2,307	\$2,620	\$2,975	\$5,282	\$5,595			
286%-299%	18	1%	9%	\$2,958	\$3,092	\$2,975	\$5,933	\$6,067			
300%-349%	10	0%	9.5%	\$3,275	\$3,810	\$3,987	\$7,262	\$7,797			
350%-400%	5	0%	9.5%	\$3,820	\$4,366	\$3,987	\$7,807	\$8,353			
401%+	4	0%	NOT Eligible for Health Exchange Premium Subsidy, Out-of-Pocket Subsidy or Medicaid								
	3,510	100%									
Part A/MAI MCM Cost Range			ACA Impact on Ryan White Part A Medical Services								
Cost Range	Avg Cost	# Clients	* Exchange: 100-400% FPL*, ineligible for Medicaid & employer insurance can receive assistance								
\$0-\$300	\$135	2,223	* Assistance= Premium subsidy reduces premium cost based on a % of income (100% FPL=2% of income)								
\$301-\$600	\$417	910	* Undocumented & lawfully present immigrant w/in 5 years of residency barred from fed benefits								
\$601-\$1,500	\$831	354	* Long transitional period may require Part A medical to be fully funded ,at least initially, in FY 2014								
\$1,501-\$6519	\$2,053	22	* Part A medical needed for Undocumented & those not meeting 5-year legal residency requirement								
\$1-\$6,519	\$290	3,509	* PLWHA out of/or never in care may need assistance while being reconnected or connected								
			* Potential need for Part A emergency deductible, copay and premium assistance								
			* ADAP medical deductible, copay and premium assistance will likely be greatly expanded								

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A & MAI Medical Case Management				ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, <= 300% FPL			
FY 2012/2013 Clinical Quality Management Indicators Data Summary							
EMA Outcomes:				Numerator	Denominator	Achieved	
Indicator 1.1: 100% of clients receive information regarding available services & corresponding eligibility				1,716	1,725	99%	
Indicator 1.2: 80% of new clients achieve initial POC goals by designated target dates				1,475	2,573	57%	
Indicator 2.1: 80% of clients self-report adherence with their prescribing medication regimen				3,136	3,248	97%	
Indicator 2.2: 80% of new client have outpatient medical visits scheduled to occur within 2 weeks of intake				1,590	1,725	92%	
Indicator 2.3: 80% of clients remain enrolled in Medical at time of discharge or episodic status				861	1,314	66%	
National Quality Center (NQC) inCARE Retention Measures							
NQC Retention Measure #1: Gap Measure				Numerator	Denominator	Percent	
Numerator: Patients with no medical visits in the last 180 days of the measurement year				109	1,559	7%	
Denominator Patients with one or more medical visits in the first six months of the measurement year							
NQC Retention Measure #2: Medical Visit Frequency				Numerator	Denominator	Percent	
Numerator: Patients with one or more medical visits in EACH 6 month period of the 24-mos period				770	1,028	75%	
Denominator Patients with one or more medical visits in FIRST 6 month period of the 24-mos period							
NQC Retention Measure #3: Patients Newly Enrolled in Medical Care				Numerator	Denominator	Percent	
Numerator: Patients with one or more medical visits in each 4-month period in the measurement year				135	205	66%	
Denominator Patients newly enrolled w/ medical provider & >=1 visit in 1st 4 mos. of measurement year							
NQC Retention Measure #4: Viral Load Suppression				Numerator	Denominator	Percent	
Numerator: Patients with a viral load <200 at last Viral Load test in the measurement year				1,400	2,095	67%	
Denominator Patients with at least one medical visit in the measurement year							
HAB HRSA HIV Performance Measures							
HAB Performance Measure	Numerator	Denominator	%				
MCM Care Plans	298	2,292	13%				
MCM Medical Visits	2,292	2,292	100%				
Grantee Comments							
Enhance the emphasis on adherence and retention in medical care with a focus on those sub-populations that are not achieving virologic success							

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A Oral Health Care							ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, <=300%			
Fiscal Year	Part A & MAI Service Allocations			Final Part A & MAI Expenditures				EMA Award		Core Rank
FY	Part A	MAI	Total	Part A	MAI	Total	% change	Total Part A/MAI	% Award	
2012	\$2,623,653	\$0	\$2,623,653	\$2,641,484	\$0	\$2,641,484	0%	\$15,390,658	17.2%	3
2011	\$2,155,150	\$0	\$2,155,150	\$2,635,854	\$0	\$2,635,854	15%	\$15,006,261	17.6%	4
2010	\$2,183,022	\$0	\$2,183,022	\$2,293,381	\$0	\$2,293,381	7%	\$15,395,252	14.9%	3
2009	\$1,455,187	\$0	\$1,455,187	\$2,152,430	\$0	\$2,152,430	47%	\$15,188,452	14.2%	4
2008	\$1,040,526	\$0	\$1,040,526	\$1,463,896	\$0	\$1,463,896		\$15,171,291	9.6%	3
Utilization by Poverty Level			Part A Cost Ranges			Funded Providers				
FPL	PART A Clients		Cost Range	Avg Cost	Clients	Part A	2	Total Clients	# New	% New
	#	%	\$0-\$1,000	\$428	1,945	Part F Funding	Part F Clients	2,751	676	25%
0%-138%	2,074	75%	\$1,001-\$2,000	\$1,350	540			Male	Female	Trans.
139%-300%	672	24%	\$2,001-\$3,000	\$2,448	174	\$234,747	212	71%	28%	1%
301%-400%	12	0%	Over \$3001	\$4,059	102			Black	White	Other
>40%	3	0%	\$0-\$9,326	\$1,403	3,790			49%	51%	0%
	2,761	100%						Hispanic		Haitian
								11%		17%
FY 2012/2013 Clinical Quality Management Indicators Data Summary										
EMA Outcome:								Numerator	Denominator	Achieved
Indicator 1:	90% of caries identified in the initial treatment plan restored upon completion of							257	262	98%
Indicator 2:	90% of patients free of recurrent caries on restorations placed in the initial treatment plan upon exam 6 or 12 months after completion of initial treatment plan							32	61	52%
National Quality Center (NQC) inCARE Retention Measures										
NQC Retention Measure #1: Gap Measure								Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator:	Patients with no medical visits in the last 180 days of the measurement year							91	741	12%
Denominator: Patients with one or more medical visits in the first six months of the measurement year										
NQC Retention Measure #2: Medical Visit Frequency								Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator:	Patients with one or more medical visits in EACH 6 month period of the 24-mos period							412	545	76%
Denominator: Patients with one or more medical visits in FIRST 6 month period of the 24-mos period										
NQC Retention Measure #3: Patients Newly Enrolled in Medical Care								Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator:	Patients with one or more medical visits in each 4-month period in the measurement year							45	89	51%
Denominator: Patients newly enrolled w/ medical provider & >=1 visit in 1st 4 mos. of measurement year										
NQC Retention Measure #4: Viral Load Suppression								Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator:	Patients with a viral load <200 at last Viral Load test in the measurement year							652	834	78%
Denominator: Patients with at least one medical visit in the measurement year										
Grantee Comments										
Review the feasibility of establishing a patient navigator component to promote access to, and retention in, oral health care.										

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A Local AIDS Drug Assistance							ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, </=400%			
Fiscal Year	Part A & MAI Service Allocations			Final Part A & MAI Expenditures				EMA Award		Core Priority Rank
FY	Part A	MAI	Total	Part A	MAI	Total	% change	Total	% of Total	Rank
2012	\$411,109	\$0	\$411,109	\$655,486	\$0	\$655,486	64%	\$15,390,658	4.3%	2
2011	\$622,385	\$0	\$622,385	\$400,827	\$0	\$400,827	-49%	\$15,006,261	2.7%	2
2010	\$926,000	\$0	\$926,000	\$780,125	\$0	\$780,125	-15%	\$15,395,252	5.1%	2
2009	\$1,652,500	\$40,000	\$1,692,500	\$921,396	\$0	\$921,396	-53%	\$15,188,452	6.1%	2
2008	\$4,361,410	\$40,000	\$4,401,410	\$1,932,285	\$39,998	\$1,972,283		\$15,171,291	13.0%	1
Health Insurance Exchange Cost Estimate-Silver Plan (does not include smoking surcharge </=50% premium full cos										
Federal Poverty Level (FPL) Range	PART A/MAI Medical Clients by FPL Range		Annual Premium w/ Subsidy Applied		Out-of-Pocket Cost w/ Subsidy	Total Annual Cost (Premium & Out of Pocket)		Medicaid Expansion		
	#	%	Cost as % of Income	FPL Range Min Max		Min	Max			
0%-99%	1,555	61%	Not Eligible for Premium Subsidy or Out-of-Pocket Subsidy							Eligible
100%-138%	427	17%	2%	\$230	\$317	\$1,964	\$2,194	\$2,281		
139%-150%	59	2%	3%-4%	\$479	\$689	\$1,964	\$2,443	\$2,653		Not Eligible
151%-200%	229	9%	4%-6.3%	\$694	\$1,448	\$1,964	\$2,658	\$3,412		
201%-250%	169	7%	6.3%-8%	\$1,455	\$2,298	\$2,975	\$4,430	\$5,273		
251%-285%	73	3%	8%	\$2,307	\$2,620	\$2,975	\$5,282	\$5,595		
286%-299%	10	0%	9%	\$2,958	\$3,092	\$2,975	\$5,933	\$6,067		
300%-349%	20	1%	9.5%	\$3,275	\$3,810	\$3,987	\$7,262	\$7,797		
350%-400%	6	0%	9.5%	\$3,820	\$4,366	\$3,987	\$7,807	\$8,353		
401%+	3	0%	NOT Eligible for Health Exchange Premium Subsidy, Out-of-Pocket Subsidy or Medicaid							
2,551		100%								
Part A Cost Ranges			ACA Impact on Ryan White Part A Medical Services							
Cost Range	Avg Cost	Clients	* Exchange: 100-400% FPL*, ineligible for Medicaid & employer insurance can receive assistance							
\$0-\$100	\$41	1,372	* Assistance= Premium subsidy reduces premium cost based on a % of income (100% FPL=2% of income)							
\$101-\$300	\$181	720	* Undocumented & lawfully present immigrant w/in 5 years of residency barred from fed benefits							
\$301-\$500	\$387	238	* Part A medical needed for Undocumented & those not meeting 5-year legal residency requirement							
\$501-\$4691	\$975	274	* ADAP funding for copay assistance will likely be greatly expanded							
\$1-\$4,690	\$210	2,604	* Potential need for Part A emergency deductible, copay and premium assistance							
FY 12/13 Pharmacy Client Demographics							FY 12/13 Other Funding			
Total Clients	# New	% New	Black	White	Other	Hispanic	Haitian	Source	Clients	Amount
2,551	679	27%	57%	42%	1%	18%	16%	ADAP	3,321	\$19,783,108
			Male		Female	Med CoPay			553	\$456,503
Part A Pharmacy Providers		3	68%		32%	\$20,239,611				

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A Local AIDS Drug Assistance**ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, <=400% FPL****National Quality Center (NQC) in CARE Retention Measures****NQC Retention Measure #1: Gap Measure***Numerator* *Denominator* *Percent*

Numerator: Patients with no medical visits in the last 180 days of the measurement year

50

802

6%

Denominator: Patients with one or more medical visits in the first six months of measurement year

NQC Retention Measure #2: Medical Visit Frequency*Numerator* *Denominator* *Percent*

Numerator: Patients with one or more medical visits in EACH 6 month period of the 24-mos period

622

692

90%

Denominator: Patients with one or more medical visits in FIRST 6 month period of the 24-mos period

NQC Retention Measure #3: Patients Newly Enrolled in Medical Care*Numerator* *Denominator* *Percent*

Numerator: Patients with one or more medical visits in each 4-month period in the measurement year

19

29

66%

Denominator: Patients newly enrolled w/ medical provider & >=1 visit in 1st 4 mos. of measurement year

NQC Retention Measure #4: Viral Load Suppression*Numerator* *Denominator* *Percent*

Numerator: Patients with a viral load <200 at last Viral Load test in the measurement year

700

852

82%

Denominator: Patients with at least one medical visit in the measurement year

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A & MAI Mental Health					ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, <= 300% FPL						
Fiscal Year		Part A & MAI Service Allocations			Final Part A & MAI Expenditures				EMA Award		Core Rank
FY	Part A	MAI	Total	Part A	MAI	Total	% change	Total Part A/MAI	% of Total		
2012	\$274,099	\$95,368	\$369,467	\$332,746	\$84,003	\$416,749	20%	\$15,390,658	2.7%	6	
2011	\$229,098	\$95,000	\$324,098	\$257,238	\$88,814	\$346,052	8%	\$15,006,261	2.3%	7	
2010	\$259,168	\$95,000	\$354,168	\$239,685	\$79,579	\$319,264	-16%	\$15,395,252	2.1%	5	
2009	\$171,168	\$112,408	\$283,576	\$251,035	\$129,476	\$380,511	40%	\$15,188,452	2.5%	6	
2008	\$110,238	\$112,408	\$222,646	\$159,392	\$112,121	\$271,513		\$15,171,291	1.8%	6	
Part A/MAI Utilization by FPL			Health Insurance Exchange Cost Estimate for Silver Plan								
Federal Poverty Level (FPL)	RW PART A and MAI		Annual Premium w/ Subsidy Applied		Out-of-Pocket Cost w/ Subsidy	Total Annual Cost		Medicaid Expansion			
	# of MH Clients	% of MH Clients	Cost as % of Income	FPL Range		(Premium & Out of Pocket)					
				Min		Max	Min			Max	
0%-99%	338	67%	Not Eligible for Premium Subsidy or Out-of-Pocket Subsidy							Eligible	
100%-138%	72	14%	2%	\$230	\$317	\$1,964	\$2,194	\$2,281			
139%-150%	11	2%	3%-4%	\$479	\$689	\$1,964	\$2,443	\$2,653		Not Eligible	
151%-200%	36	7%	4%-6.3%	\$694	\$1,448	\$1,964	\$2,658	\$3,412			
201%-250%	28	6%	4%-6.3%	\$1,455	\$2,298	\$2,975	\$4,430	\$5,273			
251%-285%	13	3%	6.3%-8%	\$2,307	\$2,620	\$2,975	\$5,282	\$5,595			
286%-299%	7	1%	9%	\$2,958	\$3,092	\$2,975	\$5,933	\$6,067			
300%-349%	0	0%	9.5%	\$3,275	\$3,810	\$3,987	\$7,262	\$7,797			
350%-400%	1	0%	9.5%	\$3,820	\$4,366	\$3,987	\$7,807	\$8,353			
401%+	2	0%	NOT Eligible for Health Exchange Premium Subsidy, Out-of-Pocket Subsidy or Medicaid								
	508	100%									
Part A/MAI Cost Ranges			ACA Impact on Ryan White Part A Medical Services								
Cost Range	Avg Cost	Clients	* Exchange: 100-400% FPL*, ineligible for Medicaid & employer insurance can receive assistance								
\$0-\$500	\$231	242	* Assistance= Premium subsidy reduces cost based on a % of income (100% FPL=2% of income)								
\$500-\$1,000	\$709	121	* Undocumented & lawfully present immigrant w/in 5 years of residency barred from federal benefits								
\$1,000-\$2,000	\$1,431	116	* Long transitional period may require Part A medical to be fully funded ,at least initially, in FY 2014								
>\$2,001-\$3451	\$2,452	29	* Part A medical needed for Undocumented & those not meeting 5-year legal residency requirement								
\$1-\$3,451	\$1,403	3,790	* PLWHA out of/or never in care may need assistance while being reconnected or connected								
Other Funders			* Potential need for Part A emergency deductible, copay and premium assistance								
Source	Funding	Clients	* ADAP funding for medical deductible, copay and premium assistance will likely be expanded								
Part C	\$16,886	197	RW Part A Funded Providers		Part A/MAI Utilization & Demographics						
Part D	\$115,574	793	Part A = 3	MAI = 2	Total Clients	# New	% New	Black	White	Other	
		508			157	31%	37%	62%	1%		
		Male			Female	Transgender	Hispanic	Haitian			
		82%			17%	1%	24%	7%			

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A & MAI Mental Health**ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, <= 300% FPL****National Quality Center (NQC) inCARE Retention Measures****NQC Retention Measure #1: Gap Measure**

	<i>Numerator</i>	<i>Denominator</i>	<i>Percent</i>
Numerator: Patients with no medical visits in the last 180 days of the measurement year	7	228	3%

Denominator: Patients with one or more medical visits in the first six months of the measurement year

NQC Retention Measure #2: Medical Visit Frequency

	<i>Numerator</i>	<i>Denominator</i>	<i>Percent</i>
Numerator: Patients with one or more medical visits in EACH 6 month period of the 24-mos period	122	141	87%

Denominator: Patients with one or more medical visits in FIRST 6 month period of the 24-mos period

NQC Retention Measure #3: Patients Newly Enrolled in Medical Care

	<i>Numerator</i>	<i>Denominator</i>	<i>Percent</i>
Numerator: Patients with one or more medical visits in each 4-month period in the measurement year	23	28	82%

Denominator: Patients newly enrolled w/ medical provider & >=1 visit in 1st 4 mos. of measurement year

NQC Retention Measure #4: Viral Load Suppression

	<i>Numerator</i>	<i>Denominator</i>	<i>Percent</i>
Numerator: Patients with a viral load <200 at last Viral Load test in the measurement year	191	297	64%

Denominator: Patients with at least one medical visit in the measurement year

Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act

This new Federal law requires group health insurance plans (with >50 insured employees) that offer coverage for mental illness and substance use disorders to provide those benefits in no more restrictive way than all other medical and surgical procedures covered by the plan. The Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act does not require group health plans to cover mental health (MH) and substance use disorder (SUD) benefits but, when plans do cover these benefits, MH and SUD benefits must be covered at levels that are no lower and with treatment limitations that are no more restrictive than would be the case for the other medical and surgical benefits offered by the plan.

Why is the Federal parity law important?

Eliminates unequal health treatment. This practice has kept individuals with untreated substance use and mental health disorders from receiving critically important treatment services. Providing parity provides insurance coverage for substance use and mental health disorders equally to other chronic health conditions like diabetes, asthma, and hypertension.

How does the Federal parity law work?

Improves access to much needed mental health and substance use disorder treatment services through more equitable coverage. Millions of Americans with mental health (MH) and/or substance use disorders (SUD) fail to receive the treatment they need to get and stay well. The lack of health insurance coverage for MH and SUD treatment has contributed to a large gap in treatment services. Improving coverage of MH and SUD services will help more people get the care they need.

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A and MAI Substance Abuse							ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, </= 300% FPL			
FY	Part A & MAI Service Allocations			Final Part A & MAI Expenditures				EMA Award		Priority Rank
Year	Part A	MAI	Total	Part A	MAI	Total	% change	Total Part A/MAI	% of Total	Rank
FY 12	\$355,389	\$400,624	\$756,013	\$319,631	\$399,986	\$719,617	-2%	\$15,390,658	4.7%	7
FY 11	\$355,389	\$375,000	\$730,389	\$357,755	\$374,931	\$732,686	7%	\$15,006,261	4.9%	8
FY 10	\$359,861	\$375,000	\$734,861	\$350,277	\$334,750	\$685,027	4%	\$15,395,252	4.4%	6
FY 09	\$418,861	\$215,268	\$634,129	\$359,824	\$296,393	\$656,217	2%	\$15,188,452	4.3%	5
FY 08	\$225,861	\$215,268	\$441,129	\$427,801	\$215,193	\$642,994		\$15,171,291	4.2%	9
FY 2012 Part A and MAI Utilization & Demographics							Funded Providers		FY 2012 Other HIV Funders	
Total Clients	# New	% New	Male	Female	Trans	Part A	MAI	Funder	Amount	Clients
126	44	35%	75%	25%	0.0%	#	#	Part D	\$20,609	27
Black	White	Other	Hispanic	Haitian		2	1	PAC Waiver	\$0	0
53%	45%	2%	11%	2%					\$ 20,609	27
Part A/MAI Utilization by FPL										
Federal Poverty Level (FPL)	RW PART A and MAI		Annual Premium w/ Subsidy Applied			Out-of-Pocket Cost w/ Subsidy	Total Annual Cost (Premium & Out of Pocket)		Medicaid Expansion	
	# of Clients	% of Clients	Cost as % of Income	FPL Range						
				Min	Max					
0%-99%	109	87%	Not Eligible for Premium Subsidy or Out-of-Pocket Subsidy						Eligible	
100%-138%	10	8%	2%	\$230	\$317	\$1,964	\$2,194	\$2,281		
139%-150%	1	1%	3%-4%	\$479	\$689	\$1,964	\$2,443	\$2,653	Not Eligible	
151%-200%	4	3%	4%-6.3%	\$694	\$1,448	\$1,964	\$2,658	\$3,412		
201%-250%	2	2%	4%-6.3%	\$1,455	\$2,298	\$2,975	\$4,430	\$5,273		
251%-285%	0	0%	6.3%-8%	\$2,307	\$2,620	\$2,975	\$5,282	\$5,595		
286%-299%	0	0%	9%	\$2,958	\$3,092	\$2,975	\$5,933	\$6,067		
300%-349%	0	0%	9.5%	\$3,275	\$3,810	\$3,987	\$7,262	\$7,797		
350%-400%	0	0%	9.5%	\$3,820	\$4,366	\$3,987	\$7,807	\$8,353		
401%+	0	0%	NOT Eligible for Health Exchange Premium Subsidy, Out-of-Pocket Subsidy or Medicaid							
	126	100%								
Part A/MAI Cost Ranges			ACA Impact on Ryan White Part A Medical Services							
Cost Range	Avg Cost	Clients	* Exchange: 100-400% FPL*, ineligible for Medicaid & employer insurance can receive assistance							
\$1-\$1,000	\$334	27	* Assitance= Premium subsidy reduces premium cost based on % of income (100% FPL=2% of income)							
\$1k-\$5,000	\$2,559	46	* Undocumented & lawfully present immigrant w/in 5 years of residency barred from Fed benefits							
\$5k-\$10,000	\$6,917	23	* Long transitional period may require Part A medical to be fully funded ,at least initially, in FY 2014							
Over \$10,000	\$12,280	30	* Part A medical needed for Undocumented & those not meeting 5-year legal residency requirement							
\$0-14,901	5,192	126	* PLWHA out of/or never in care may need assistance while being reconnected or connected							
			* Potential need for Part A emergency deductible, copay and premium assistance							
			* ADAP funding for medical deductible, copay and premium assistance will likely be greatly expanded							

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A and MAI Substance Abuse**ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, <= 300% FPL****National Quality Center (NQC) inCARE Retention Measures****NQC Retention Measure #1: Gap Measure***Numerator Denominator Percent*

Numerator: Patients with no medical visits in the last 180 days of the measurement year

3

34

9%

Denominator: Patients with one or more medical visits in the first six months of the measurement year

NQC Retention Measure #2: Medical Visit Frequency*Numerator Denominator Percent*

Numerator: Patients with one or more medical visits in EACH 6 month period of the 24-mos period

16

21

76%

Denominator: Patients with one or more medical visits in FIRST 6 month period of the 24-mos period

NQC Retention Measure #3: Patients Newly Enrolled in Medical Care*Numerator Denominator Percent*

Numerator: Patients with one or more medical visits in each 4-month period in the measurement year

4

7

57%

Denominator: Patients newly enrolled w/ medical provider & >=1 visit in 1st 4 mos. measurement year

NQC Retention Measure #4: Viral Load Suppression*Numerator Denominator Percent*

Numerator: Patients with a viral load <200 at last Viral Load test in the measurement year

41

49

84%

Denominator: Patients with at least one medical visit in the measurement year

Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act

This new Federal law requires group health insurance plans (with >50 insured employees) that offer coverage for mental illness and substance use disorders to provide those benefits in no more restrictive way than all other medical and surgical procedures covered by the plan. The Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act does not require group health plans to cover mental health (MH) and substance use disorder (SUD) benefits but, when plans do cover these benefits, MH and SUD benefits must be covered at levels that are no lower and with treatment limitations that are no more restrictive than would be the case for the other medical and surgical benefits offered by the plan.

Why is the Federal parity law important?

Eliminates unequal health treatment. This practice has kept individuals with untreated substance use and mental health disorders from receiving critically important treatment services. Providing parity provides insurance coverage for substance use and mental health disorders equally to other chronic health conditions like diabetes, asthma, and hypertension.

How does the Federal parity law work?

Improves access to much needed mental health and substance use disorder treatment services through more equitable coverage. Millions of Americans with mental health (MH) and/or substance use disorders (SUD) fail to receive the treatment they need to get and stay well. The lack of health insurance coverage for MH and SUD treatment has contributed to a large gap in treatment services. Improving coverage of MH and SUD services will help more people get the care they need.

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A Legal Services							ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, <= 300% FPL			
FY	Part A & MAI Service Allocations			Final Part A Expenditures				EMA Award		Support Priority
Year	Part A	MAI	Total	Part A	MAI	Total	% change	Total Part A/MAI	% of Total	
FY 12	\$112,426	\$0	\$112,426	\$131,423	\$0	\$131,423	15%	\$15,390,658	0.9%	5
FY 11	\$112,426	\$0	\$112,426	\$114,444	\$0	\$114,444	3%	\$15,006,261	0.8%	3
FY 10	\$96,426	\$0	\$96,426	\$111,375	\$0	\$111,375	16%	\$15,395,252	0.7%	5
FY 09	\$146,596	\$0	\$146,596	\$96,427	\$0	\$96,427	-6%	\$15,188,452	0.6%	3
FY 08	\$80,360	\$0	\$80,360	\$102,685	\$0	\$102,685		\$15,171,291	0.7%	3
Part A Utilization by FPL			Part A Cost Ranges			Part A Demographics			Funded Providers	
Federal Poverty Level (FPL) Range	RW PART A		Cost Range	Avg Cost	Clients	Total Clients	# New	% New	Part A = 1	
	# of Clients	% of Clients								
0%-99%	124	58%	\$0-\$300	\$170	108	214	116	54%		
100%-138%	42	20%	\$300-\$600	\$453	52	Male	Female	Transgender		
139%-150%	7	3%	\$600-\$1,000	\$755	26	77%	23%	0.0%		
151%-200%	24	11%	Over \$1,000	\$2,071	28	Black	White	Other		
201%-250%	10	5%	\$22-\$4,432	\$558	214	42%	57%	1%		
251%-285%	3	1%				Hispanic		Haitian		
286%-299%	1	0%				21%		4%		
300%-349%	1	0%								
350%-400%	0	0%								
401%+	2	1%								
	214	100%								
FY 2012/2013 Clinical Quality Management Indicators Data Summary										
EMA Outcome: Increased access to benefits for which the clients is eligible							Numerator	Denominator	Achieved	
1.1 70% of clients whose cases are accepted for representation at SS admin Law Judge hearing will win approval of case benefits and/or medical benefits & improving their financial stability							15	15	100%	

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A ELIGIBILITY: Food Bank <= 150% FPL, Emergency Provision (Food Vouchers/Box) <= 151%-300%										
Fiscal Year	Part A & MAI Service Allocations			Final Part A & MAI Expenditures				EMA Award		Support Rank
FY	Part A	MAI	Total	Part A	MAI	Total	% change	Total Award	% of Total	
2012	\$277,111	\$0	\$277,111	\$591,208	\$0	\$591,208	-34%	\$15,390,658	3.8%	2
2011	\$363,360	\$0	\$363,360	\$894,790	\$0	\$894,790	-17%	\$15,006,261	6.0%	1
2010	\$273,035	\$0	\$273,035	\$1,077,795	\$0	\$1,077,795	17%	\$15,395,252	7.0%	1
2009	\$801,154	\$0	\$801,154	\$921,003	\$0	\$921,003	-29%	\$15,188,452	6.1%	1
2008	\$583,615	\$0	\$583,615	\$1,301,154	\$0	\$1,301,154		\$15,171,291	8.6%	1
Part A Utilization & Demographics										
Total Clients	# New	% New	Male	Female	Transgender	Black	White	Other	Hispanic	Haitian
2,188	577	26%	69%	31%	0.1%	Part A/MAI =	47%	1%	14%	5%
Part A Utilization by FPL			Part A Cost Ranges			FY 12/13 Other Public Funding		Part A Providers		
Federal Poverty Level (FPL)	RW PART A		Cost Range	Avg Cost	Clients	Source	Funding	Clients	/	
	# of	% of	\$0-\$100	\$49	400	Part B*	\$1,050	5		
	Clients	Clients	\$100-\$250	\$171	751	PAC Waiver*	\$113,515	77		
0%-99%	1,487	68%	\$250-\$400	\$339	679	Total	\$114,565	82		
100%-138%	525	24%	Over \$400	\$429	358	*Home Delivered Meals				
139%-150%	68	3%	\$0-\$9,326	\$1,403	3,790					
151%-200%	62	3%	FY 2012/2013 Clinical Quality Management Indicators Data Summary							
201%-250%	30	1%	EMA Outcome:							
251%-285%	11	1%	Indicators 1:							
286%-299%	1	0%	80% of clients report an improved ability to take medications when food is required							
300%-349%	1	0%	Numerator	Denominator	Achieved					
350%-400%	1	0%	1,507	1,524	99%					
401%+	2	0%	Indicator 2:							
	2,188	100%	100% of clients will receive food handling information as indicated by client signature							
			Numerator	Denominator	Achieved					
			1,839	2,280	81%					

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A and MAI Centralized Intake and Eligibility Determination (CIED) ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident											
FY		CIED Service Allocations			CIED Final Expenditures				EMA Award		Support Rank
Year	Part A	MAI	Total	Part A	MAI	Total	% change	Total Part A/MAI	% Total		
FY 12	\$300,000	\$290,957	\$590,957	\$467,438	\$290,943	\$758,381	22%	\$15,390,658	5%	1	
FY 11	\$300,000	\$290,957	\$590,957	\$329,542	\$290,957	\$620,499		\$15,006,261		2	
FY 10	\$384,043	\$290,957	\$675,000	\$87,765	\$0	\$87,765		\$15,395,252		2	
CIED FPL	Clients		Units	Amount	Avg \$	Avg \$	Affordable Care Act Impact by FPL				
</=138%	5,067	76%	43,413	\$521,494	\$103	\$103	If FL Medicaid Expands </=138% FPL* covered				
139- 300%	1,489	22%	12,979	\$155,860	\$105	\$105	Insurance Exchanges: 100-400% FPL* and ineligible for Medicaid and employer insurance can receive assistance to purchase insurance.				
301-400%	62	1%	556	\$6,672	\$108	\$108					
>/= 400%	13	0%	108	\$1,296	\$100	Part A/MAI =1					
Total	6,631	100%	57,056	685,322	\$103		* See Immigration Status Restrictions below				
RW Medical	Cost Ranges			Affordable Care Act							
Cost Range	Avg Cost	Clients	Medical Services Coverage								
\$0-\$100	\$67	3,880	* Medical services will be covered for most if FL fully implements ACA								
\$100-\$200	\$133	2,467	* However, If Medicaid is not expanded clients < 100% FPL will not be eligible for ACA								
\$200-\$300	\$225	261	* Most legal residents with income >100% FPL required to purchase insurance or pay a penalty								
>\$301-\$408	\$322	20	* Undocumented & lawfully present immigrant w/in 5 years of residency barred from Fed benefits								
\$0-\$408	\$98.92	6,629									
Utilization & Demographics											
Race	2009	2010	2011	2012	FPL	2009	2010	2011			
Other	226	214	249	82	0-100	4,188	4,317	4,087			
White	2,933	3,169	3,117	3,028	101-200	1,820	2,095	2,193			
Black	3,457	3,733	3,656	3,520	201-300	530	613	649			
Total	6,616	7,116	7,022	6,630	301-400	62	74	79			
Ethnicity	2009	2010	2011	2012	400+	16	17	14			
Hispanic	876	997	1,014	1,034	Total	6,616	7,116	7,022			
Haitian	598	651	696	687							
Gender	2009	2010	2011	2012							
Transgender	22	23	28	32							
Female	1,998	2,110	2,076	1,962							
Male	4,596	4,983	4,918	4,635							
Total	6,616	7,116	7,022	6,629							

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A/MAI Centralized Intake and Eligibility Determination (CIED)

CIED Referrals	Part A	Other	Total		Enrolled	Applied*	Approved	
Medical	326	16	342	AICP	0	250		
Pharmaceutical	165		165	Medicaid	2,413	10	4	
Oral Health	780		780	Medicare	1,486			
MCM	777		777	Private Insurance				
Mental Health	125		125	Food Stamps	2,851	120	98	
Substance Abuse	14		14	Cash Assistance		2		
Food Bank	774	4	778	Total Unduplicated	3,817	132	102	
Legal Assistance	447		447					
Outreach	33		33					
Medication Copay		23	23					
Transportation		3	3					
Housing		94	94					
Other Services		54	54					
Total	3441	194	3635					
Medical Funding Source								
	2009	%	2010	%	2011	%	2012	%
Private	389	6%	520	7%	569	8%	452	7%
Medicaid/ Medicare	2,511	38%	2,831	40%	2677	38%	2,569	39%
None	3,716	56%	3,765	53%	3776	54%	3,511	53%
Total	6,616	100%	7,116	100%	7022	100%	6,631	100%

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A Outreach **ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, At Risk Populations HIV+ and not in Medical Care**

Fiscal Year	Part A & MAI Service Allocations			Final Part A & MAI Expenditures				EMA Award		Support Rank
FY	Part A	MAI	Total	Part A	MAI	Total	% change	Total Part A/MAI	% of Total	
2012	\$67,000	\$0	\$67,000	\$46,846	\$0	\$46,846	-9%	\$15,390,658	0.3%	4
2011	\$67,000	\$0	\$67,000	\$51,402	\$0	\$51,402	-38%	\$15,006,261	0.3%	4
2010	\$164,359	\$0	\$164,359	\$82,945	\$0	\$82,945	-63%	\$15,395,252	0.5%	4
2009	\$414,359	\$382,720	\$797,079	\$221,342	\$0	\$221,342	-68%	\$15,188,452	1.5%	4
2008	\$244,250	\$382,720	\$626,970	\$468,479	\$232,118	\$700,597		\$15,171,291	4.6%	4

Part A Outreach Services Utilization & Demographics

Total Clients	# New	% New	Male	Female	Transgender	Black	White	Other	Hispanic	Haitian
182	172	95%	85%	14%	2.0%	27%	33%	40%	10%	3%

Health Insurance Exchange Cost Estimate-Silver Plan	(does not include smoking surcharge <=50% premium full cost)Part A	Utilization by FPL
2014	1,000	100
2015	1,000	100
2016	1,000	100
2017	1,000	100
2018	1,000	100
2019	1,000	100
2020	1,000	100
2021	1,000	100
2022	1,000	100
2023	1,000	100
2024	1,000	100
2025	1,000	100
2026	1,000	100
2027	1,000	100
2028	1,000	100
2029	1,000	100
2030	1,000	100

Federal Poverty Level (FPL)	RW PART A		Annual Premium w/ Subsidy Applied			Out-of-Pocket Cost w/ Subsidy	Total Annual Cost (Premium & Out of Pocket)		Medicaid Expansion
	#	%	Cost as % of Income	FPL Range					
	Clients	Clients		Min	Max				
0%-99%	140	77%	Not Eligible for Premium Subsidy or Out-of-Pocket Subsidy						Eligible
100%-138%	20	11%	2%	\$230	\$317	\$1,964	\$2,194	\$2,281	
139%-150%	2	1%	3%-4%	\$479	\$689	\$1,964	\$2,443	\$2,653	
151%-200%	7	4%	4%-6.3%	\$694	\$1,448	\$1,964	\$2,658	\$3,412	Not Eligible
201%-250%	7	4%	4%-6.3%	\$1,455	\$2,298	\$2,975	\$4,430	\$5,273	
251%-285%	3	2%	6.3%-8%	\$2,307	\$2,620	\$2,975	\$5,282	\$5,595	
286%-299%	1	1%	9%	\$2,958	\$3,092	\$2,975	\$5,933	\$6,067	
300%-349%	1	1%	9.5%	\$3,275	\$3,810	\$3,987	\$7,262	\$7,797	
350%-400%	1	1%	9.5%	\$3,820	\$4,366	\$3,987	\$7,807	\$8,353	
401%+	0	0%	NOT Eligible for Health Exchange Premium Subsidy, Out-of-Pocket Subsidy or Medicaid						
	182	100%							

Part A Cost Ranges			ACA Impact on Ryan White Part A Medical Services
Cost Range	Avg Cost	Clients	* Exchange: 100-400% FPL*, ineligible for Medicaid & employer insurance can receive assistance
\$0-\$20	\$13	92	* Assitance= Premium subsidy reduces premium cost based on a % of income (100% FPL=2% of income)
\$21-\$30	\$26	63	* Undocumented & lawfully present immigrant w/in 5 years of residency barred from fed benefits
\$31-\$50	\$39	16	* Long transitional period may require Part A medical to be fully funded ,at least initially, in FY 2014
Over \$50	\$76	10	* Part A medical needed for Undocumented & those not meeting 5-year legal residency requirement
\$0-\$124	\$23	182	* PLWHA out of/or never in care may need assistance while being reconnected or connected
			* Potential need for Part A emergency deductible, copay and premium assistance
			* ADAP funding for medical deductible, copay and premium assistance will likely be greatly expanded

FY 2012/13 Scorecard: Part A Outreach ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward Resident, At Risk Populations HIV+ and not in Medical Care			
FY 2012/2013 Clinical Quality Management Indicators Data Summary			
EMA Outcome: Facilitate client access to medical care and/or MCM	Numerator	Denominator	Achieved
Indicator 1: 80% of new/lost to care clients have Medical or MCM visit w/in 2 weeks of eligibility	8	88	9%
National Quality Center (NQC) inCARE Retention Measures			
NQC Retention Measure #1: Gap Measure	Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator: Patients with no medical visits in the last 180 days of the measurement year	6	25	24%
Denominator: Patients with one or more medical visits in the first six months of the measurement year			
NQC Retention Measure #2: Medical Visit Frequency	Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator: Patients with one or more medical visits in EACH 6 month period of the 24-mos period	4	15	27%
Denominator: Patients with one or more medical visits in FIRST 6 month period of the 24-mos period			
NQC Retention Measure #3: Patients Newly Enrolled in Medical Care	Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator: Patients with one or more medical visits in each 4-month period in the measurement year	8	10	80%
Denominator: Patients newly enrolled w/ medical provider & >=1 visit in 1st 4 mos. of measurement year			
NQC Retention Measure #4: Viral Load Suppression	Numerator	Denominator	Percent
Numerator: Patients with a viral load <200 at last Viral Load test in the measurement year	19	63	30%
Denominator: Patients with at least one medical visit in the measurement year			

Fort Lauderdale/Broward County EMA FY 2012/13 PSRA Process Scorecard:Part B Non-Medical Case Management - Core Eligibility

Non-Medical Case Management - Core Eligibility Support Service

ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward County Resident, Proof of Income, 400% FPL

Rank	Fiscal Year	EMA Award	Service Allocation	% of Award	Sweeps	Final Allocation	Final Expenditure	% of Award (Final)	Proj. Clients	Actual Clients	Difference
	FY2012	\$1,101,929	\$228,287	20.72%	\$9,107	\$228,287	\$237,394	22%	3300	4465	1165
	FY2011	\$1,101,929	\$157,395	14.28%	\$21,606	\$179,001	\$143,682	13%	1,800	2407	607
	FY2010	\$1,101,929	\$133,526	12.12%	\$4,496	\$138,022	\$138,022	13%	900	n/a	n/a
	FY 2009	\$1,101,929	\$67,504	6.13%	\$975	\$68,479	\$68,479	6%	650	n/a	n/a

FY 2012-13 Quarterly Service Category Expenditures (\$ Spent)

Allocation =	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
\$237,394	4/12-6/12	7/12-9/12	10/12-12/12	1/13-3/13
Projected	\$57,072	\$57,072	\$57,072	\$57,072
%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Actual	\$44,439	\$37,894	\$38,249	\$71,107
%	19%	16%	16%	30%
Difference	-\$12,633	-\$19,178	-\$18,823	\$14,035

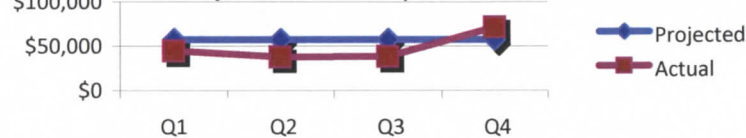
Average Annual Cost Per Client = \$53

FY 2012/2013 Quarterly Client Service Utilization (# of Clients)

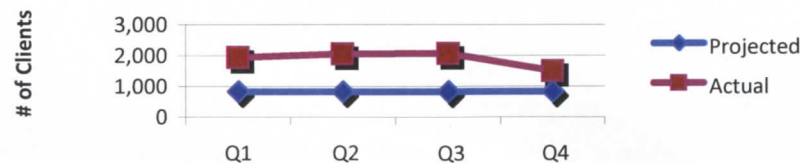
Clients =	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
4,465	4/12-6/13	7/12-9/13	10/12-12/13	1/12-3/13
Projected	825	825	825	825
Actual	1,940	2,055	2,057	1,491
Difference	1115	1230	1232	666

4465 unduplicated clients from April 1, 2011 thru March 31, 2012

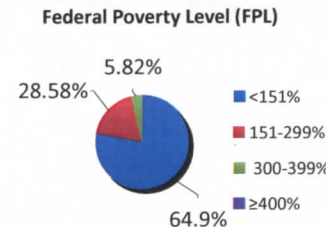
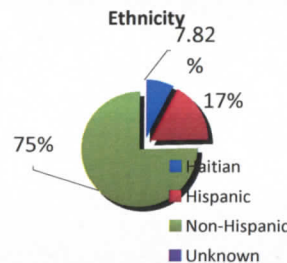
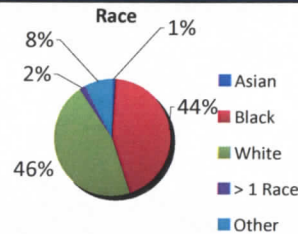
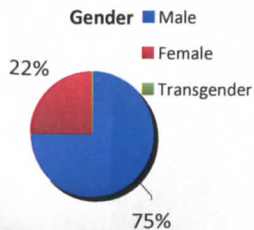
Projected vs. Actual Expenditures



Projected vs. Actual Utilization



FY 2012-2013 Demographic Utilization Data



Gender	Male	Female	r	Race	Asian	Black	White	> 1 Race	Other
#	3,333	1,123	9	#	31	1,981	2,032	71	345
Federal Poverty Level (FPL)	<151%	151-299%	300-399%	≥400%	Ethnicity	Haitian	Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Unknown
#	2,898	687	126	3	#	349	751	3,365	
	64.90%	28.58%	5.82%	0.69%		7.82	16.82	75.36	

Fort Lauderdale/Broward County EMA FY 2012/13 PSRA Process Scorecard: Medical Transportation

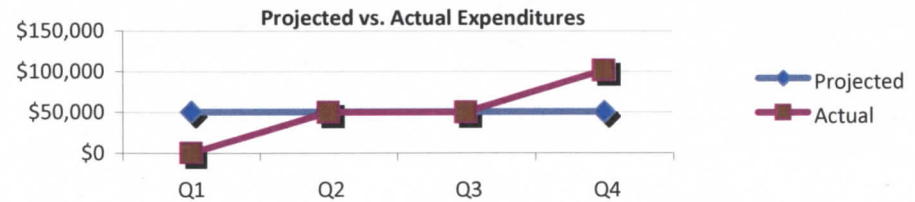
Medical Transportation

ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward County Resident, Proof of Income, 400% FPL

Rank	Fiscal Year	EMA Award	Service Allocation	% of Award	Sweeps	Final Allocation	Final Expenditure	% of Award (Final)	Proj. Clients	Actual Clients	Difference
Funded Part B	FY2012	\$1,102,929	\$150,971	13.69%	\$49,883	\$200,854	\$200,854	18.21%	412	1,229	817
Funded Part B starting Dec 2011	FY2011	\$1,101,929.00	\$100,021.00	9.08%	\$149,930	\$149,930	\$149,930	14%	387		
Funded Part B	FY2008	\$1,218,925	\$109,829	9.01%	-\$109,829	\$0	\$0	0%	0	0	
Funded Part B	FY2007	\$998,230	\$72,162	7.23%	\$0	\$72,162	\$72,162	7%	836	836	

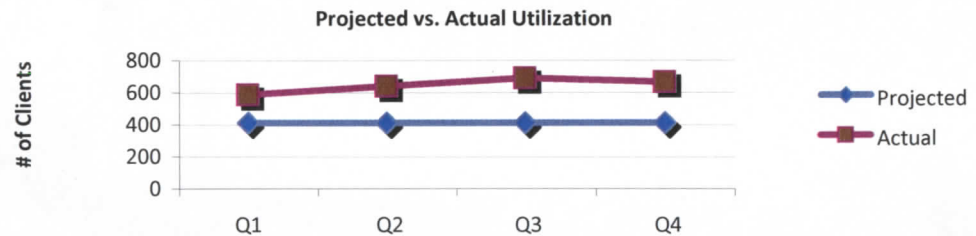
FY 2012-13 Quarterly Service Category Expenditures (\$ Spent)

Allocation =	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
\$200,854	4/12-6/13	7/12-9/13	10/12-12/13	1/13-3/13
Projected	\$50,212	\$50,214	\$50,214	\$50,214
%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Actual	\$0	\$49,909	\$49,909	\$101,036
%	0%	25%	25%	50%
Difference	-\$50,212	-\$305	-\$305	\$50,822

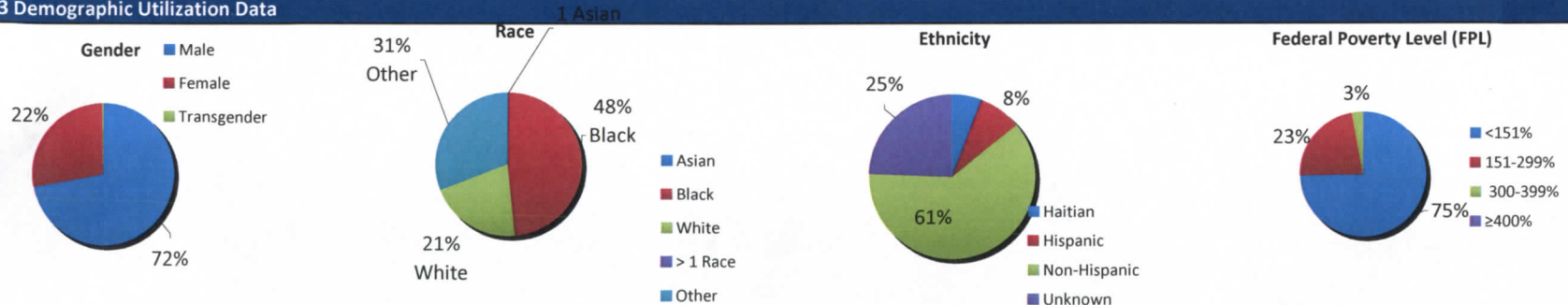


FY 2012-13 Quarterly Service Category Expenditures (\$ Spent)

Clients =	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
412	4/12-6/13	7/12-9/13	10/12-12/13	1/13-3/13
Projected	412	412	412	412
Actual	588	639	689	665
Difference	176	227	277	253
1229	unduplicated clients from April 1, 2012 thru March 31, 2013			



FY 2012-13 Demographic Utilization Data



Gender	Male	Female	Transgender	Race	Asian	Black	White	> 1 Race	Other
#	885	340	4	#	1	591	257		379
Federal Poverty Level (FPL)	<151%	151-299%	300-399%	Ethnicity	Haitian	Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Unknown	
#	918	277	34	#	70	103	754	302	
	75%	23%	3%						

3056 (31) day passes distributed 2,157 (10) ride passes distributed

Fort Lauderdale/Broward County EMA FY 2012/2013 PSRA Process Scorecard: Part B Medication Co Payment/AICP Program

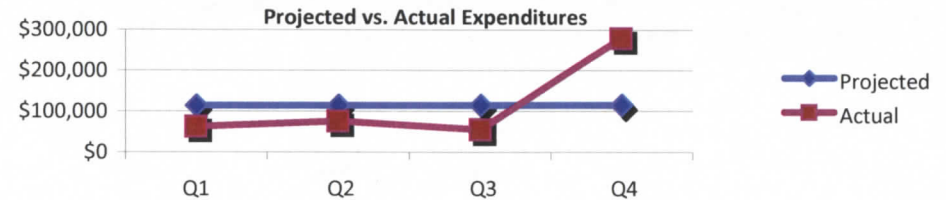
MEDICATION CO PAYMENT/AICP

ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward County Resident, Proof of Income, 400% FPL

Rank	Fiscal Year	EMA Award	Service Allocation	% of Award	Sweeps	Final Allocation	Final Expenditure	% of Award (Final)	Proj. Clients	Actual Clients	Difference
	FY2012	\$1,101,929	\$610,000	55.36%	\$58,990	\$551,010	\$456,503	41.43%	400	553	153
	FY2011	\$1,101,929	\$812,894	73.77%	\$165,585	\$647,309	\$621,548	56%	350	513	163
	FY2010	\$1,159,925	\$892,161	76.92%	\$32,100	\$887,700	\$939,611	81%	400	411	11
	FY 2009	\$1,159,925	\$802,320	69.17%	\$42,217	\$844,537	\$844,537	73%	400	398	-2
	FY 2008	\$1,218,925	\$728,310	59.75%	\$52,953	\$761,537	\$761,537	62%	400	350	-50
	FY 2007	\$998,230	\$559,592	56.06%	\$38,218	\$597,810	\$597,810	60%	400	300	-100

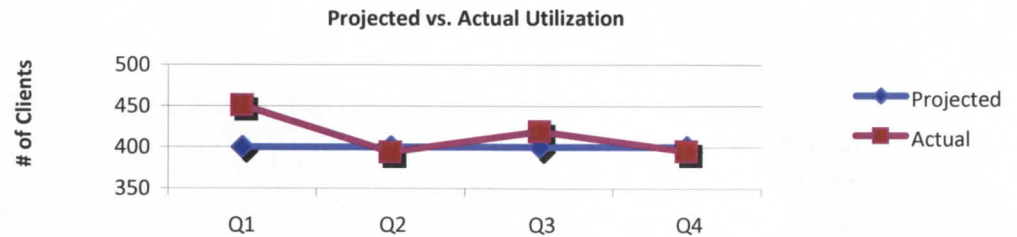
FY 2012-13 Quarterly Service Category Expenditures (\$ Spent)

Allocation =	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
\$456,503	4/12-6/12	7/12-9/12	10/12-12/12	1/13-3/13
Projected	\$114,126	\$114,126	\$114,126	\$114,126
%	25%	25%	25%	25%
Actual	\$62,863	\$75,590	\$54,744	\$278,601
%	14%	17%	12%	61%
Difference	-\$51,263	-\$38,536	-\$59,382	\$164,475
Average Annual Cost Per Client = \$826				



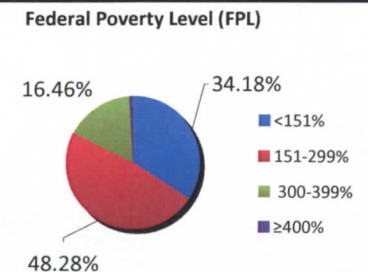
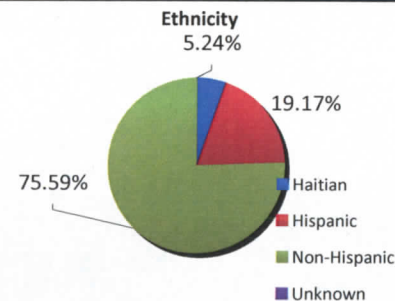
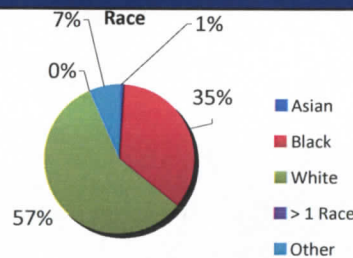
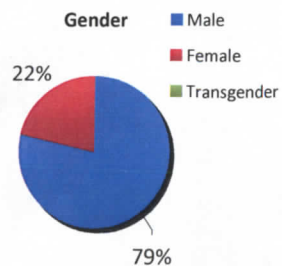
FY 2012/2013 Quarterly Client Service Utilization (# of Clients)

Clients =	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
553	4/12-6/12	7/12-9/12	10/12-12/12	1/13-3/13
Projected	400	400	400	400
Udup Svd Per Qtr	451	394	419	395
Difference	51	-6	19	-5
Served 553	unduplicated clients from April 1, 2012 thru March 31, 2013			



Decline due to clients losing insurance and use of co pay cards,

FY 2012-13 Demographic Utilization Data



Gender	Male	Female	Transgender	Race	Asian	Black	White	> 1 Race	Other
#	435	118	0	#	5	196	320	0	38
Federal Poverty Level (FPL)	<151%	151-299%	300-399%	≥400%	Ethnicity	Haitian	Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Unknown
#	189	267	91	6	#	29	106	418	0
	34.18%	48.28%	16.46%	1.08%		5.24%	19.17%	75.59%	0.00%

Fort Lauderdale/Broward County EMA FY 2012/2013 PSRA Process Scorecard: Part B Home Delivered Meals

Home Delivered Meals

ELIGIBILITY: HIV+, Broward County Resident, Proof of Income, 400% FPL

Rank	Fiscal Year	EMA Award	Service Allocation	% of Award	Sweeps	Final Allocation	Final Expenditure	% of Award (Final)	Proj. Clients	Actual Clients	Difference
	FY2012	\$1,101,929	\$2,479	0.22%	0	\$2,479	\$1,050	0.1%	6	5	-1
	FY2011	\$1,101,929	\$5,000	0.45%	\$2,521	\$2,479	\$1,050	0.1%	6	3	-3
	FY2010	\$1,159,925	\$16,616	1.43%	\$0	\$16,616	\$16,616	1%	17	14	-3

FY 2012-13 Quarterly Service Category Expenditures (\$ Spent)

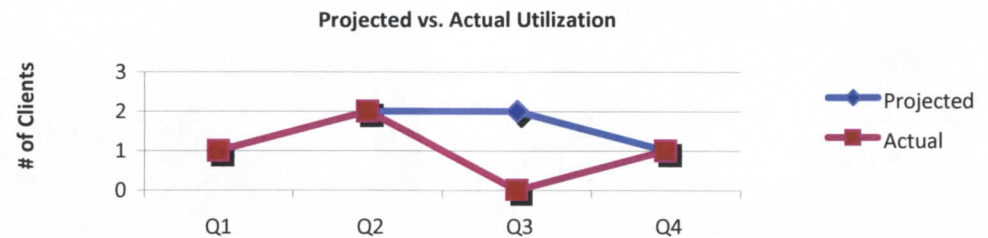
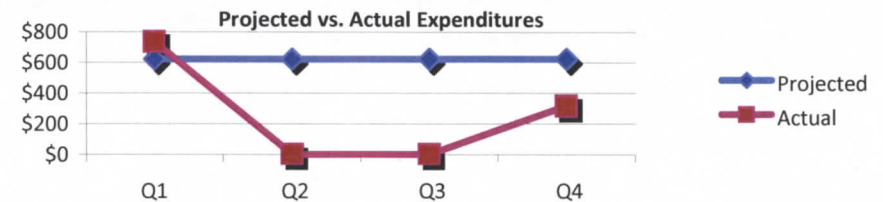
Allocation =	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
\$1,050	4/12-6/12	7/12-9/12	10/12-12/12	1/13-3/13
Projected	\$620	\$620	\$620	\$620
%	59%	59%	59%	59%
Actual	\$735	\$0	\$0	\$315
%	70%	0%	0%	30%
Difference	\$115	-\$620	-\$620	-\$305

Average Annual Cost Per Client = \$262.50

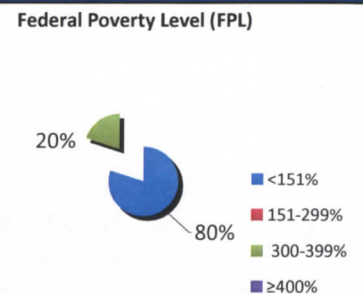
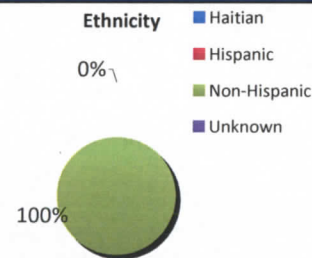
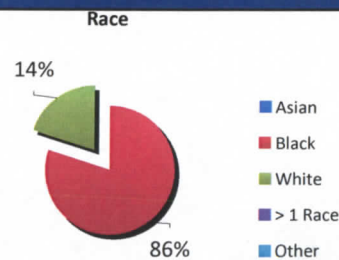
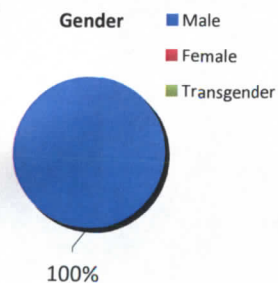
FY 2012/2013 Quarterly Client Service Utilization (# of Clients)

Clients =	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4
6	4/12-6/12	7/12-9/12	10/12-12/12	1/13-3/13
Projected	1	2	2	1
Average Svd Per Qtr	1	2	0	1
Difference	0	0	-2	0

Served 5 unduplicated clients from April 1, 2012 thru March 31, 2013



FY 2012-13 Demographic Utilization Data



Gender	Male	Female	Transgender	Race	Asian	Black	White	> 1 Race	Other
#	5	0	0	#	0	4	1	0	
Federal Poverty Level (FPL)	<151%	151-299%	300-399%	≥400%	Ethnicity	Haitian	Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Unknown
#	4		1	0	#	0	0	5	0

	Part A & MAI		Part B / ADAP / AICP		Part C		Part D		Part F		HOPWA		PAC Waiver		VA	
	\$	#	\$	#	\$	#	\$	#	\$	#	\$	#	\$	#	\$	#
Outpatient / Ambulatory	\$5,843,132	3,790	\$0	-	\$143,437	182	\$369,969	1,329	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
AIDS Drug Asstnc. Prog.	\$0	-	\$19,783,108	3,321	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Pharmaceutical Asstnc.	\$655,486	2,604	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	350
Dental	\$2,641,484	2,761	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	346	\$234,747	212	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Early Intervention	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Health Insur. Premium	\$0	-	\$4,239,143	1,265	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Home Health	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$165,892	233	-	-
Home/Community Hlth.	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$124,895	137	-	-
Hospice Services	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Mental Health	\$416,749	508	\$0	-	\$16,886	197	\$115,574	793	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Medical Nutrition	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$28,080	896	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Medical Case Mgt.	\$1,120,644	3,509	\$0	-	\$173,099	1,072	\$365,805	1,114	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$606,200	659	-	-
Subst. Abuse - outpat.	\$719,617	126	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$20,609	27	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Non-Medical Case Mgt.	\$758,381	6,631	\$237,394	4,465	\$0	-	\$0	1,329	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Child Care	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	414	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Emerg. Financial Aid	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	890	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Food Bank/Deliv. Meals	\$695,995	2,188	\$1,050	5	\$0	-	\$0	908	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$113,515	77	-	-
Education/Risk Redctn.	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	896	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$9,090	27	-	-
Housing	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$9,305,747	1,005	\$275	3	-	-
Legal	\$131,423	214	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Linguistics	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	271	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Medical Transport.	\$0	-	\$200,854	1,229	\$0	-	\$1,008	271	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Outreach	\$46,846	182	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Psychosocial Support	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$94,488	878	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Referral/Support Care	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$28,682	178	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Rehabilitation	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Respite Care	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Subst. Abuse - residtl.	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$1,316	4	-	-
Treatment Adherence	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$196,974	1,119	\$19,178	896	\$0	-	\$0	-	\$0	-	-	-
Total Unduplicated	\$13,029,757	7,064	\$24,461,549	4,465	\$559,078	2,748	\$1,014,711	1,349	\$234,747	212	\$9,305,747	1,005	\$1,021,183	662	\$660,609	377

FY 2012 Total Unduplicated Clients Served By Funder

FY12 Demographics	Part A	Part B / ADAP	Part C	Part D	Part F	HOPWA	PAC Waiver	VA
# of New Patients	1,543	-	274	81	-	-	-	-
# AIDS		-	927	354	-	-	662	-
# HIV/non AIDS		-	1,134	894	-	-	-	-
Total	7,064	4,465	2,335	1,329	212	1,005	662	377
Race								
Black	3,520	1,981	1,665	1,150	47	677	-	-
White	3,028	2,032	386	153	146	324	-	-
More than one	8	71	14	22	3	-	-	-
Asian	34	31	10	1	3	3	-	-
Amer. Indian	6	3	2	-	1	1	-	-
Other Race	34	347	27	3	12	-	-	-
Ethnicity								
Hispanic	1,034	751	231	90	49	97	-	-
Haitian	687	349	-	273	-	-	-	-
Gender								*
Male	4,635	3,333	1,401	233	188	617	-	359
Female	1,962	1,123	932	1,096	22	380	-	15
Transgender	32	9	2	-	2	8	-	-
Exposure Category								
MSM		-	459	26	-	-	-	-
IDU		-	62	1	-	-	-	-
Heterosexual		-	1,714	1,101	-	-	-	-
Mother at-risk		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Perinatal Infection		-	39	200	-	-	-	-
MSM and IDU		-	3	1	-	-	-	-
Unknown		-	44	-	-	-	-	-
Age					*			*
(0-12)		-	-	33	3	1	-	-
(13-24)		-	86	219	3	86	-	-
(25-44)		-	690	702	83	596	-	39
(45-64)		-	1,460	359	117	322	-	253
(65+)		-	99	16	4	322	-	82
Insurance Status					**			**
No Insurance		-	2,335	188	-	-	-	-
Medicaid/Medicare		-	-	755	-	-	-	-
RW Part A		-	2,335	340	-	-	-	-
HMO/Private		-	-	46	-	-	-	-
Federal Poverty Level		~*			*	&		
0-100	3,850	~2,898	1,564	1,171	102	&816	-	-
101-200	2,101	~	630	143	32	&	-	-
201-300	599	~687	101	13	10	&189	-	-
301-400	66	126	40	2	-	&	-	-
400+	14	3	-	-	-	&	-	-

* Excludes unknowns

** All funded by "Other Public"

~ 0-150%, 151-300%

& 0-200%, over 200%

Ryan White Part B
Expenditure Report
APRIL 2013

Service Category	Part B 2013-14 Allocated	Part B 2013-14 (April/ Encumbered)	Part B 2013-14 Monthly Average Left	Part B 2013-14 (YTD Spent/ Encumbered)	Part B 2013-14 (% Encumbered)	Part B 2013-14 (% Left)	Part B 2013-14 (Balance)
Home Delivered Meals	\$ 2,479	\$ -	\$225	\$ -	0%	100%	\$ 2,479
Medication Co Pay	\$ 610,000	\$ -	\$55,455		0%	100%	\$ 610,000
Case Management (non-med)	\$ 228,287	\$ 13,635	\$19,514	\$ 13,635	2%	98%	\$ 214,652
Medical Transportation	\$ 150,971	\$ -	\$ 13,725	\$ -	0%	0%	\$ 150,971
Administration	\$ 110,192	\$ 7,825	\$ 9,306	\$ 7,825	3%	97%	\$ 102,367
TOTALS	\$ 1,101,929	\$ 21,459	\$ 98,225		1%	99%	\$ 1,080,470

99%

Non-Medical Case Management conducted 972 eligibility interviews in April.

Medication Co Payment served 253 clients in April in which 17 were new to the program.

245 Clients served in April Medication Co Payment

8 Clients served in April Mail Order

Medical Transportation 225 (31 day) and 323 (10 ride) were distributed in April.

Only 517 10 ride passes left after that only 31 day passes will be available for distribution.

Ryan White Part B Expenditures
April 2013

